

N E W L A Y O U T

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1,000,000,000 CHF investment

7,000,874 hours of work

6,587 experiments

423 researchers

1 medicine



With Prof Susan M Gasser  
and Prof Olivier Michelin

# THE MAKING OF AN INNOVATIVE MEDICINE

*Introductory workshops on translational biomedical research and drug discovery  
and development*

**BIO-698 resumes Thursday September 21. 2023  
4:15 PM @ AAC 108**



Sciences de la Vie -SV



Prof Roger G. Clerc



# The Making Of An Innovative Medicine – course schedule

Thursday's @ 4-6 PM except 14.12/21.12.23 @2-6 PM



Session 1: Scope of the **course \_ general organization \_ case study**

21.09.23 *Embracing a career at the heart of biomedical research !?*

Session 2: **Historical perspective: the modern pharmacy**

28.09.23 *Advent of modern medicines - placebo controlled drug development*

Session 3: Introduction to **translational research: crossing the bridge**

05.10.23 *A chasm has opened wide between biomedical research and patients in need*

Session 4: **Therapeutic target identification I & II**

12-19.10.23 *"me too" vs a wealth of innovative targets \_ small MW cpds vs biologicals  
Early front loading of biomarker identification for cohort stratification*

Session 5: **Structure based drug design \_ medicinal chemistry \_ low/high throughput**

26.10.23 **screening assays \_ multiple parallel parameters optimization MDO**  
*Setting up screening assays, the robotics, the million cpds libraries*

Session 6: **Therapeutic modalities peptides and biologicals: today's -**

02.11.23 **tomorrow's pharmacy NBEs**  
*Challenges (cost of goods - healthcare payers) and opportunities*



WORKSHOP LISTING - THE MAKING OF AN INNOVATIVE MEDICINE BIO698			
I NON EXHAUSTIVE LISTING - SUGGESTIONS WELCOME I			
sessions	no	workshops	speaker/s
<b>S02 (28-09-23) I AAC108 I</b>			
historical medicines	1	vaccine discovery : E. Jenner and smallpox	Danica M
with Nobel laureates while	2	penicillin: impact, whose invention ?	
hopping on giant shoulders	3	prozac at the core of psychiatry	
	4	lipitor/statins at last a blockbuster	
	5	artemisinin and malaria	Umar
	6	cyclosporin from soil sample to blockbuster	Umar
<b>S03 (5-10-23) I AAC014 I</b>			
translational research	7	expanding the scope of targeted therapies	
an emerging field	8	chronotherapy	Pitt
<b>S04 (12-10-23) I AAC014 I</b>			
therapeutic target identification	9	rare diseases repurposing medicines	Adrien
<b>S04b (19-10-23) I AAC108 I</b>	10	nocosomial inf/MRSA/phage antibacterials	Georges
therapeutic target identification	11	Crispr/Cas9 gene editing huntington disease	Pitt
	12	AI in drug discovery	Simon
<b>S05 (26-10-23) I AAC108 I</b>			
structure based drug design	13	macrocycles and non druggable targets	Masota
	14	chemoproteomics - NMEs	Nico G
<b>S06 (02-11-23) I AAC108 I</b>			
therapeutic modalities - NBEs	15	Biologicals/biotech production/incretins	Tim F
	16	armed monoclonal AB medicines	Nico G
	16	RNA therapeutics, antisense medicines	
<b>S07 (9-11-23) I AAC108 I</b>			
PHC personalized healthcare	17	BRCA1 preventive surgery/tumor board	Nikita
Human genomics	18	SOPHIA Genetics - GWAS	
	19	disease enabling biomarkers/micro RNAs	Isika
<b>S08 (16-11-23) I AAC014 I</b>			
pharmacogenetic polymorphism	20	NextGenSequencing - precision medicine	Hien
	21	deCODE inc pharmgenomic/iceland genealogy	
<b>S09 (23-11-23) I AAC108 I</b>			
in vivo pharmacology	22	organoids come of age	Nathalie B
toxicology	23	thalidomide repurposing	Ekaterina
<b>S10 (30-11-23) I AAC108 I</b>			
clinical research	24	AI medicine 2.0	Simon
	25	most common genetic defect : cystic fibrosis	.
	26	sex bias in preclinical and clinical research	Weilin
	27	placebo/nocibo effects	Tim ?
<b>S11 (07-12-23) I AAC108 I</b>			
intellectual property/integrity	28	SMA gene therapy - pay for performance	Abtin
	29	biopatents - 23 and Me - my genome	khosiyat
<b>S12 (14-12-23) starts @ 2PM</b>		Hacking medicine	all + invitees
<b>I MED21522I</b>			
<b>S13 (21-12-23) start @ 2 PM</b>		Hacking medicine	all + invitees
<b>I AAC231 I</b>			



## Workshops \_ The Making Of An Innovative Medicine (non exhaustive listing)





- Historical perspectives : the early days of modern pharmacy : *Hopping on giant shoulders*





# Historical perspective \_ chinese medicinal plants\_ Hippocrates



460-370 BC

- The works of Hippocrates (460-370 BC) contain 300 medicinal plants classified by physiological action: Wormwood and common centaury (*Centaureum umbellatum* Gilib) were applied against fever; garlic against intestine parasites; opium, henbane, deadly nightshade, and mandrake were used as narcotics; fragrant hellebore and haselwort as emetics; sea onion, celery, parsley, asparagus, and garlic as diuretics; oak and pomegranate as adstringents



Ginseng root extracts (*Panax q.*) : evidence shows that taking **ginseng root** extracts daily for 12 weeks improves concentration and cognitive activities.  
(cf pharmacognosy)





# Historical perspective \_ Key medical papyri



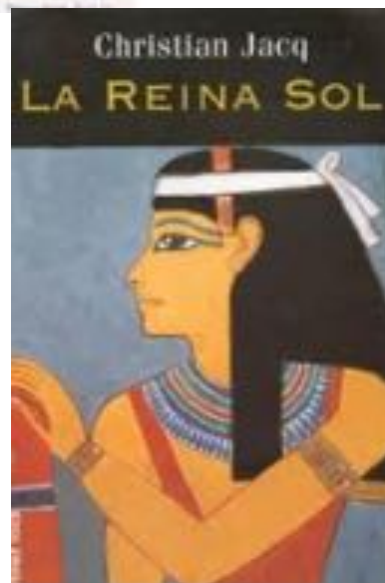
## The Georg Ebers Papyrus.



Found in Egypt in the 1870s, the Ebers Papyrus contains prescriptions written in hieroglyphics for more than 700 remedies, including this one for an **acute asthma attack**.

From: University of Leipzig

- The Kahun (1825 B.C)  
-gynecology
- The Ebers (1534 B.C?)  
-internal medicine
- The Edwin Smith Surgical Papyrus (1600 B.C)  
-surgical wounds and fractures





## Historical perspective \_ medicinal plant extracts



eg. *Papaver somniferum* (poppy seeds) known in the oldest civilisations as sleeping medicine



early past



recent past



morphine binds opiate receptors (3 subtypes) which in turn mediate the opioid receptor signaling, and highlight advances in opioid molecular and behavioural pharmacology, widely used as analgesics in the clinic.



## Historical perspective : Paracelsus : „sola dosis facit venenum”



1493-1541

Paracelsus studied medicine in Basel Switzerland

**“solely the dose determines that a thing is not a poison”**



# History of medicine by J. Starobinski : a philosophical perspective





# Serendipity in medicine discovery

By C. Bohuon &  
Monneret :  
a sobering survey of  
the pre placebo era

## Sommaire

Préface .....	
Introduction .....	
L'acide valproïque .....	
L'amiodarone .....	
L'aspirine .....	
Les benzodiazépines .....	
La chlorpromazine .....	
Le cis-platine .....	
La clonidine .....	
Le cromoglycate de sodium .....	
La cyclosporine .....	
Le gardénal .....	
Le Glivec .....	
L'héparine .....	
L'imipramine .....	



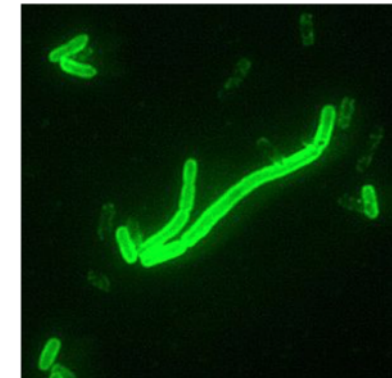




**Marketplace of Napoli during plague near 1656  
(Yersinia pestis)**



# Infectious diseases before the antibacterial era



*Yersinia pestis* seen at 200x magnification with a fluorescent label.

## *Yersinia pestis*



A scanning electron micrograph depicting a mass of *Yersinia pestis* bacteria in the foregut of an infected flea

## Plague in ancient times

(now known as *Yersinia pestis*)

A Yersin : 1863-1943



## Historical perspective : the future is the past only better ?



130 YEARS AGO : Montreal **1885**

Small Pox Victim: God's punishment ?



Edward Jenner invented patient  
“vaccination” by scarification of cow pox  
viruses and laid down the foundation of  
immunology

TODAY's : Sierra Leone **2015**

EBOLA victims: all patients passed away

COVID **2019** world wide !



**EBOLA'S LOST WARD**

Two hundred years later we are still  
striving at a number of viruses pandemia  
and lots of unmet medical needs !



## Historical true medical breakthroughs : the patient need



***The first steps in the development of a modern medicine !  
Centuries before the advent of therapeutic targets elucidation !  
No knowledge what so ever of the underlying molecular mechanism (MOA)***

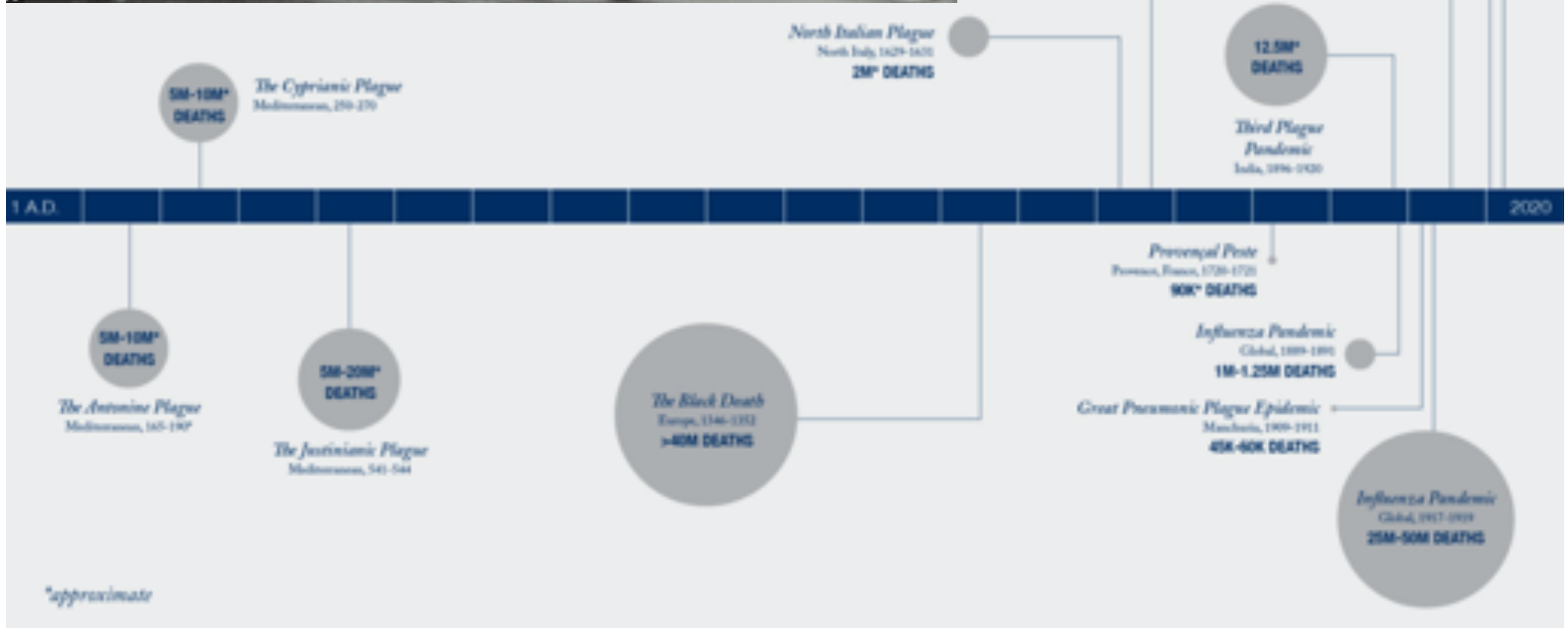


WORKSHOP !

**Would Edward Jenner's smallpox experiment pass a research ethics committee today ?  
How can we go about discovering innovative medicine in the highly regulatory context of today ? Is a single fatality in clinical setting entitled to stop 10 years of research ?  
How do we innovate healthcare today ? How much is 3 months life extension worth ?**



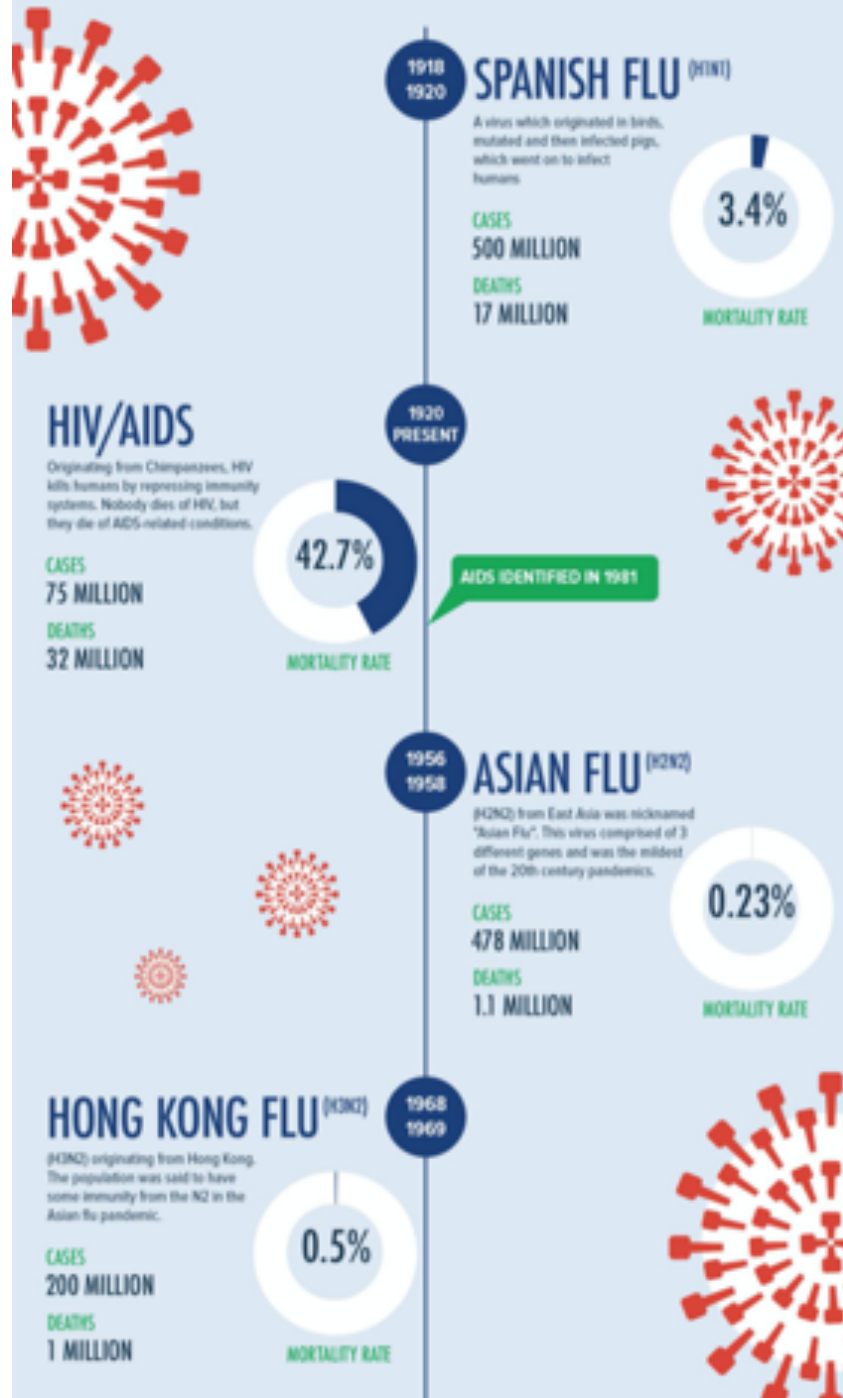
Throughout history, the pandemic has been a constant companion





## LAST CENTURY OF PANDEMICS TIMELINE

There have been five main pandemics in the past one hundred years. These are summarised in the table below:



The future is the past : more pandemics, more zoonoses ... when, how massive ?



AIDS (HIV) pandemia  
(Kaposi sarcoma of bucal cavity)

1980's - today



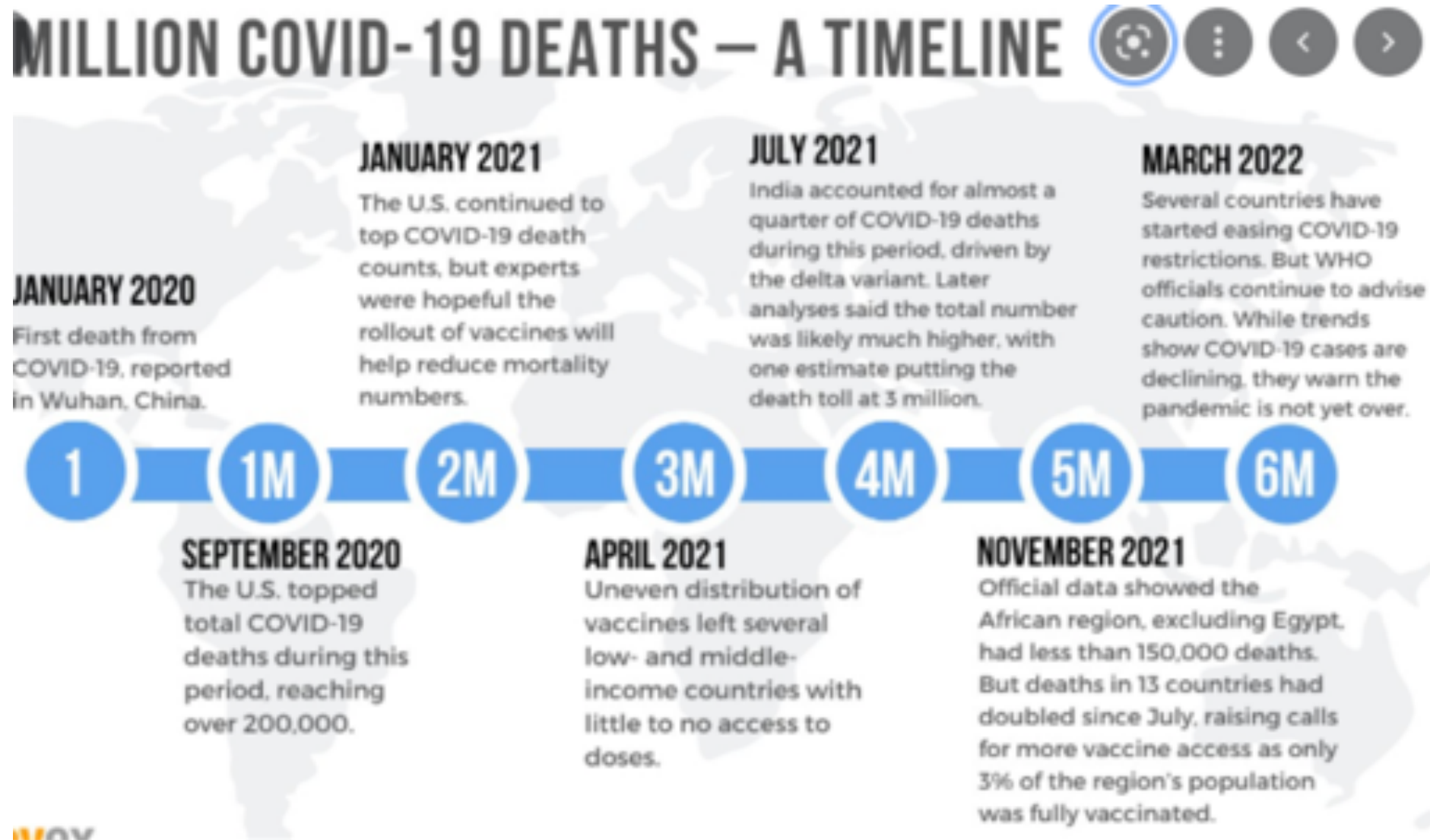
Confronting asian flu H2N2 in 1957



Confronting SarsCoV2 in 2020

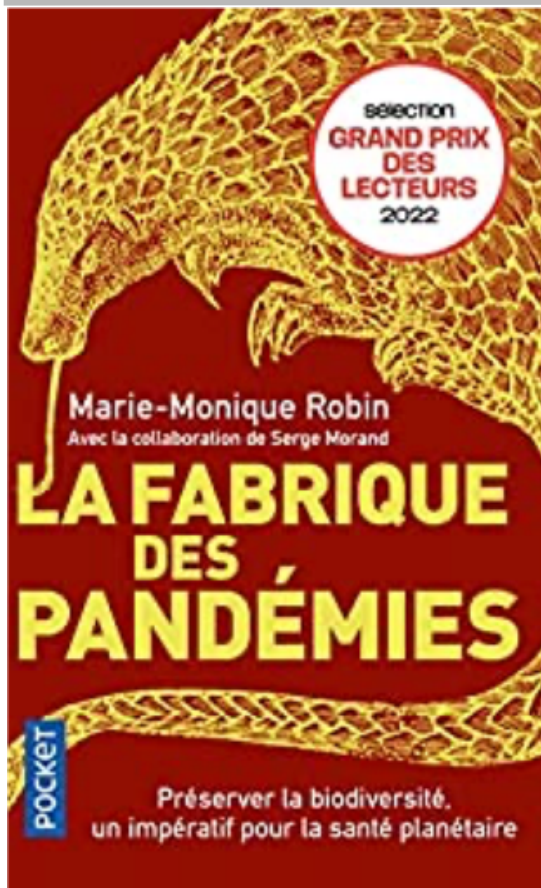


Throughout history a pandemic burst (of bacterial, viral or of zoonoses origin) is a constant threatful companion of healthcare





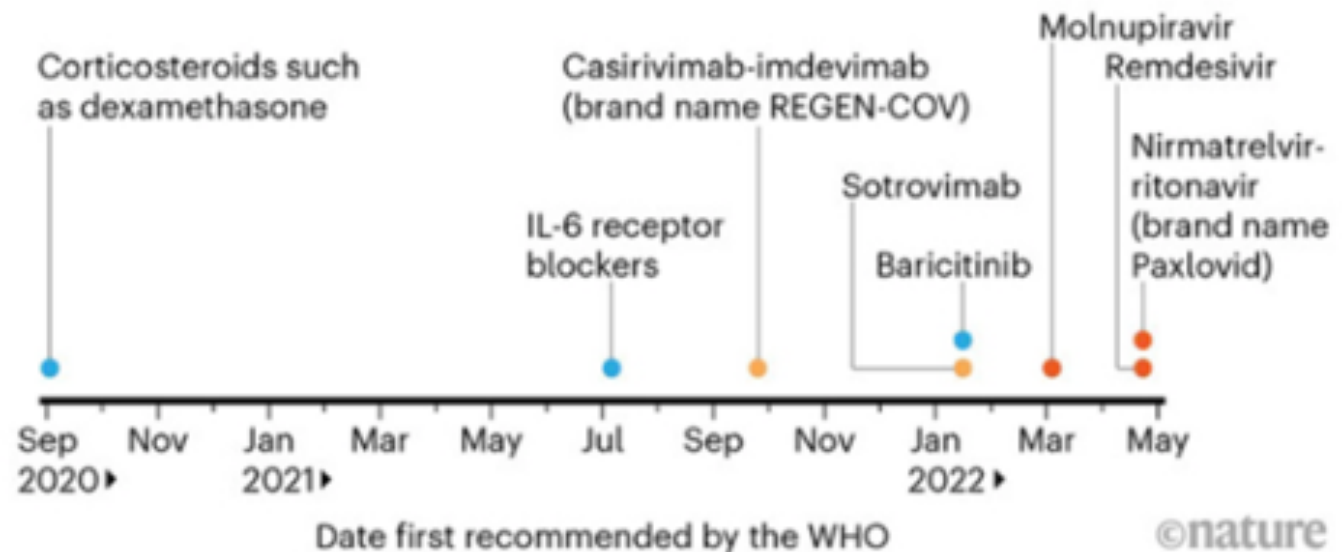
Throughout history Pandemias have been a constant companion  
today's SarsCoV2 pandemic from zoonoses origin



## VIRUS-TAMING TOOLS

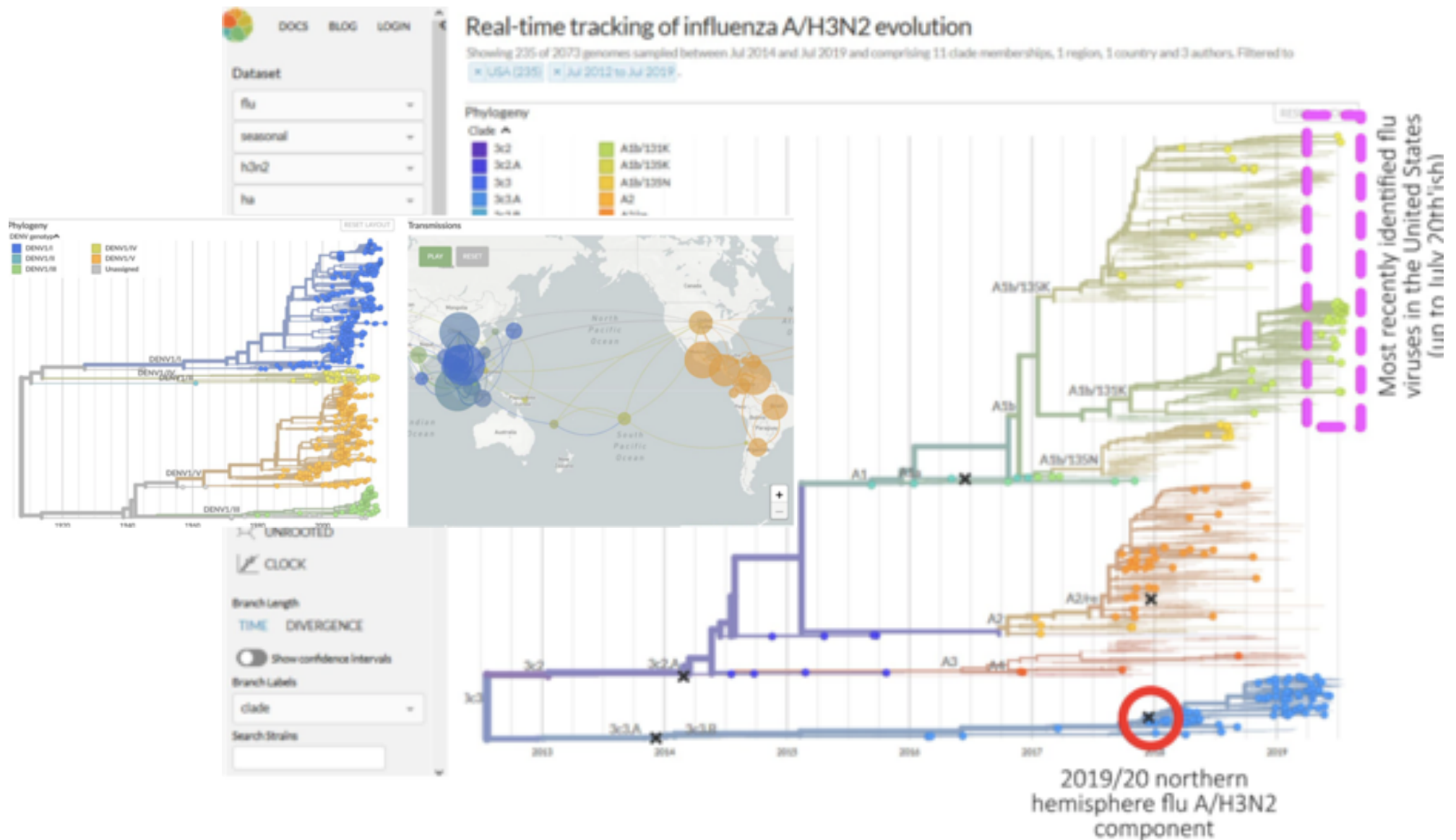
The virus that causes COVID-19 was identified only in early 2020, but the World Health Organization has already recommended more than half a dozen treatments for the disease. Still other therapies have been recommended by domestic agencies such as the US National Institutes of Health.

● Antiviral ● Monoclonal antibody ● Anti-inflammatory



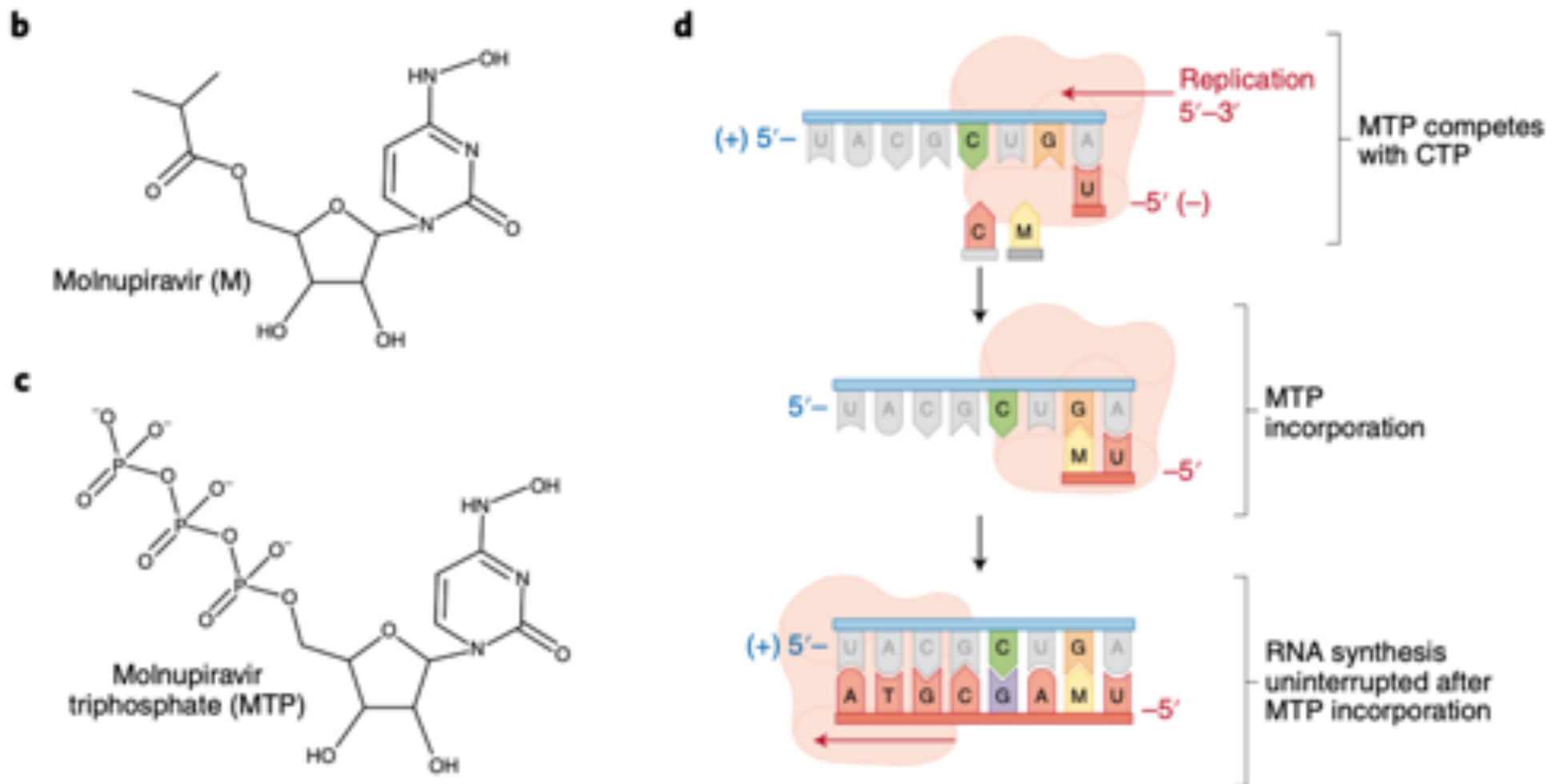


# Today's Nextstrain® : real time tracking of viral pandemic





# Today's medicinal chemistry therapeutic armamentarium towards pandemics is on a steep learning curve



MTP directs the incorporation at either Gs or As with a high rate of mutagenesis leading to mutated SarsCoV2 RNA products



Ehrlich coins the term „chemotherapy“



# AUG. 31, 1909: FIRST CHEMOTHERAPY DRUG TREATS SYPHILIS



\_\_1909: \_\_After searching through hundreds of potential chemicals, a German immunologist discovers a compound that can selectively kill the parasitic spirochete that causes



Ehrlich coins the term „chemotherapy“



# AUG. 31, 1909: FIRST CHEMOTHERAPY DRUG TREATS SYPHILIS

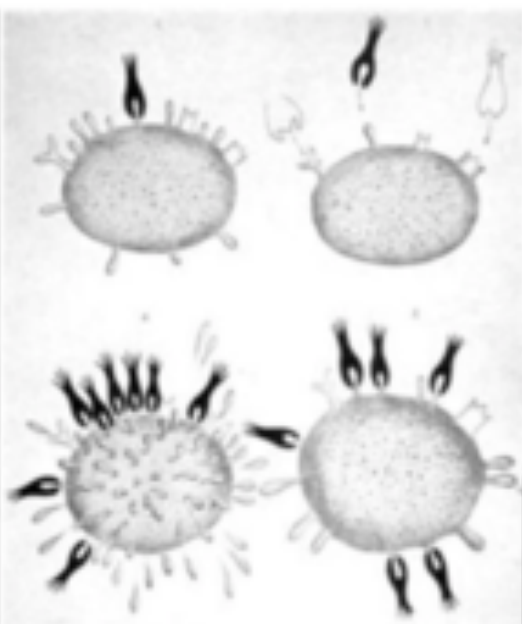
Ehrlich reasoned that by screening many cpds, he could discover anti microbials that do not kill the patient !



\_\_1909: \_\_After searching through hu  
chemicals, a German immunologist discovers a compound  
that can selectively kill the parasitic spirochete that causes



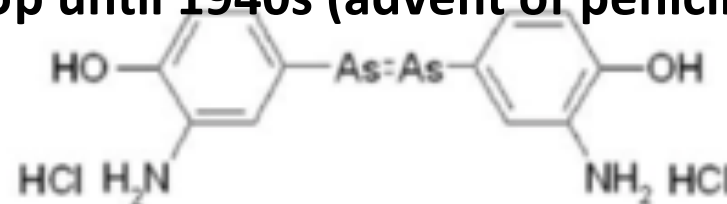
# Paul Ehrlich and the “Magic Bullet”



**Salvarsan**-Compound 606  
Early antimicrobial chemical  
Introduced in 1910s  
Not 100% effective  
Long treatment: 1-2 years

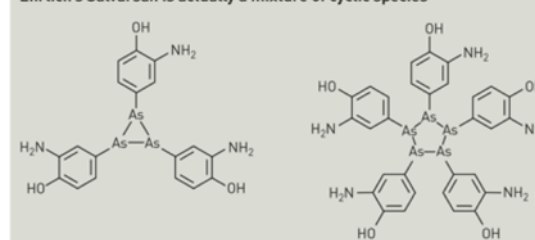
Arsenical cpd Arsphenamine

Up until 1940s (advent of penicilin)



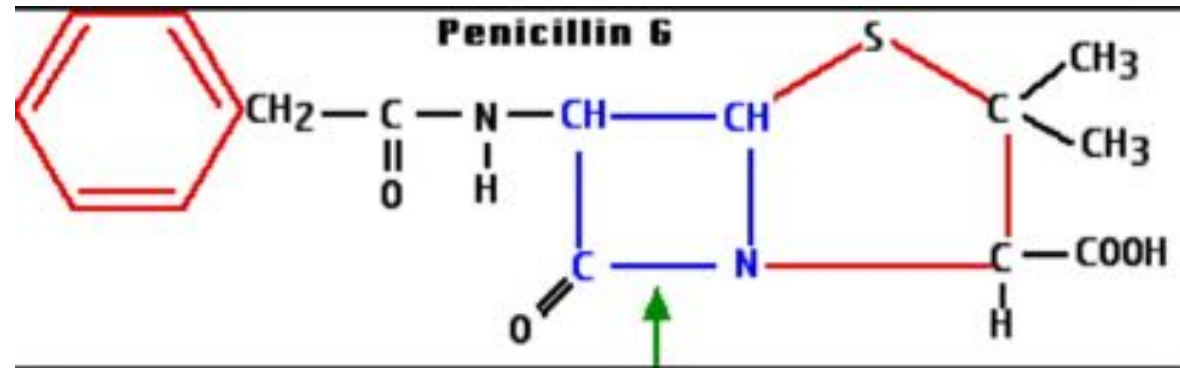
## MISTAKEN IDENTITY

Ehrlich's Salvarsan is actually a mixture of cyclic species





# Historical medical breakthrough with impactful clinical value: debate : to whom penicilin's discovery?



**“THE OLD WONDER” IS STILL FIRST LINE TREATMENT  
FOR SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES SUCH AS  
SYPHILIS ! (45 x 10<sup>6</sup> cases in 2015)**

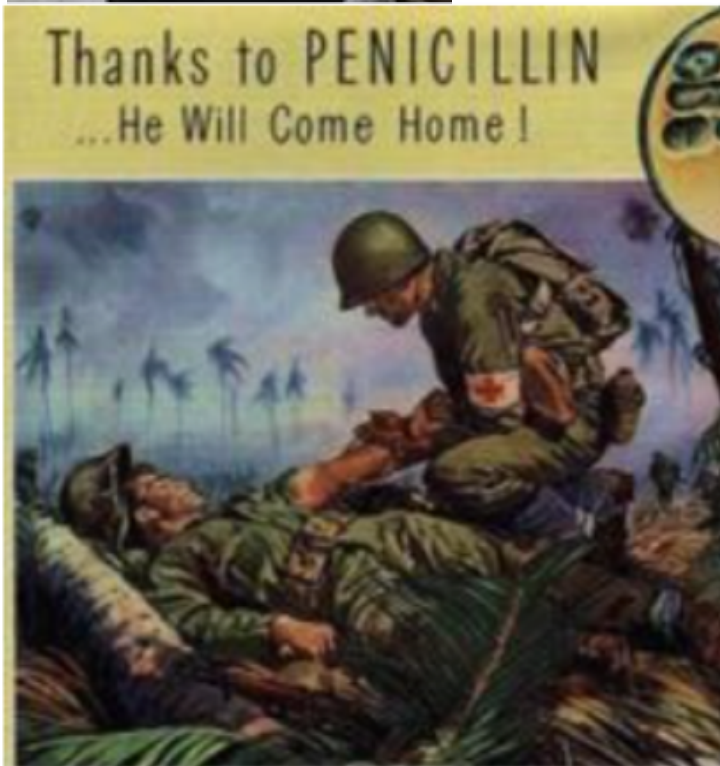




# Historical medical breakthrough with impactful clinical value : 1940's and the New Wonder Drug From Mold

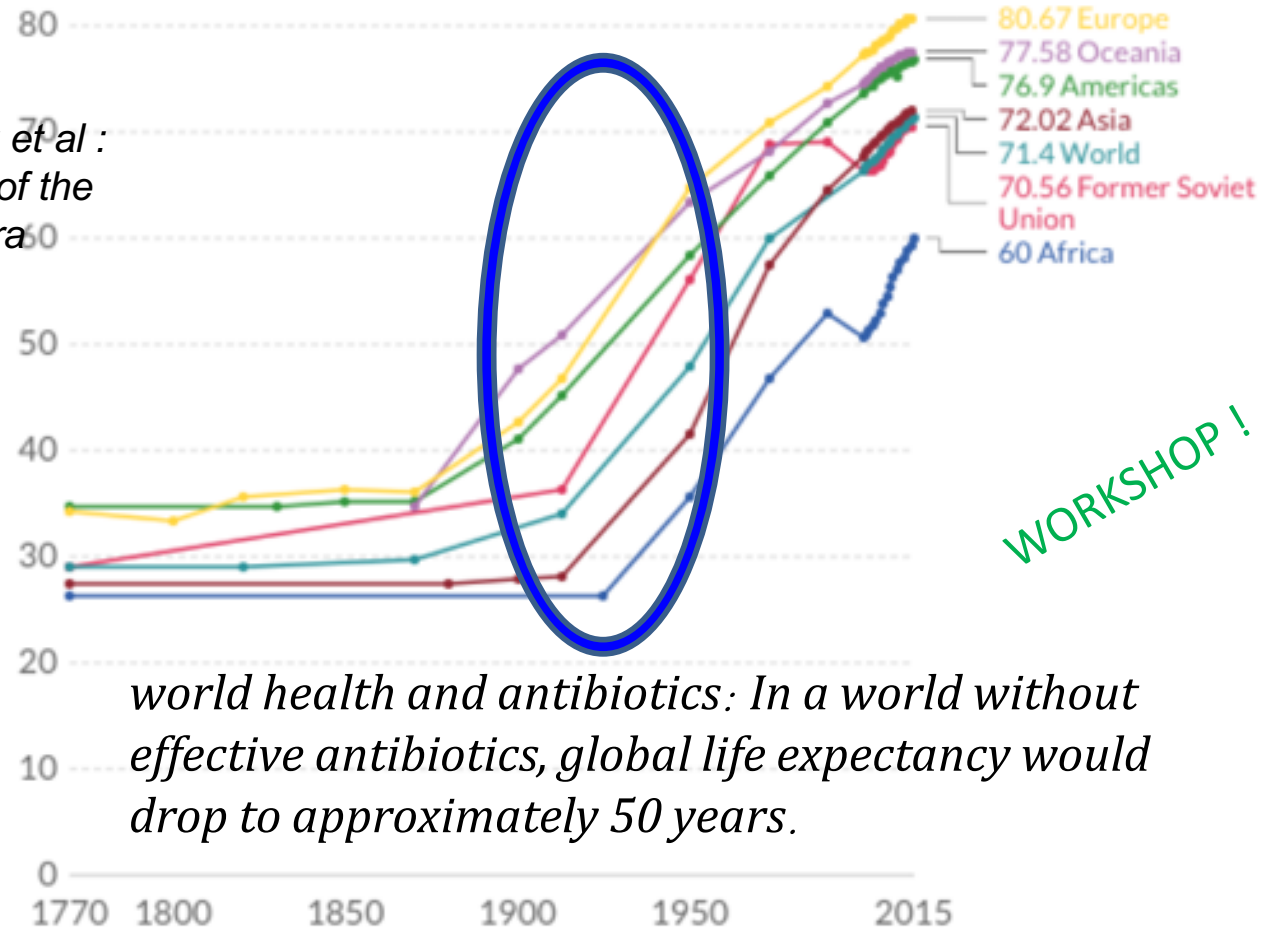


Sir A. Flemming et al :  
the foundation of the  
antibiotic era



Life expectancy globally and by  
world regions  
since 1770

Our World  
in Data



WORKSHOP !

Source: Life expectancy – James Riley for data 1990 and earlier; WHO and World Bank for later data  
(by Max Roser)  
OurWorldinData.org/life-expectancy/ • CC BY



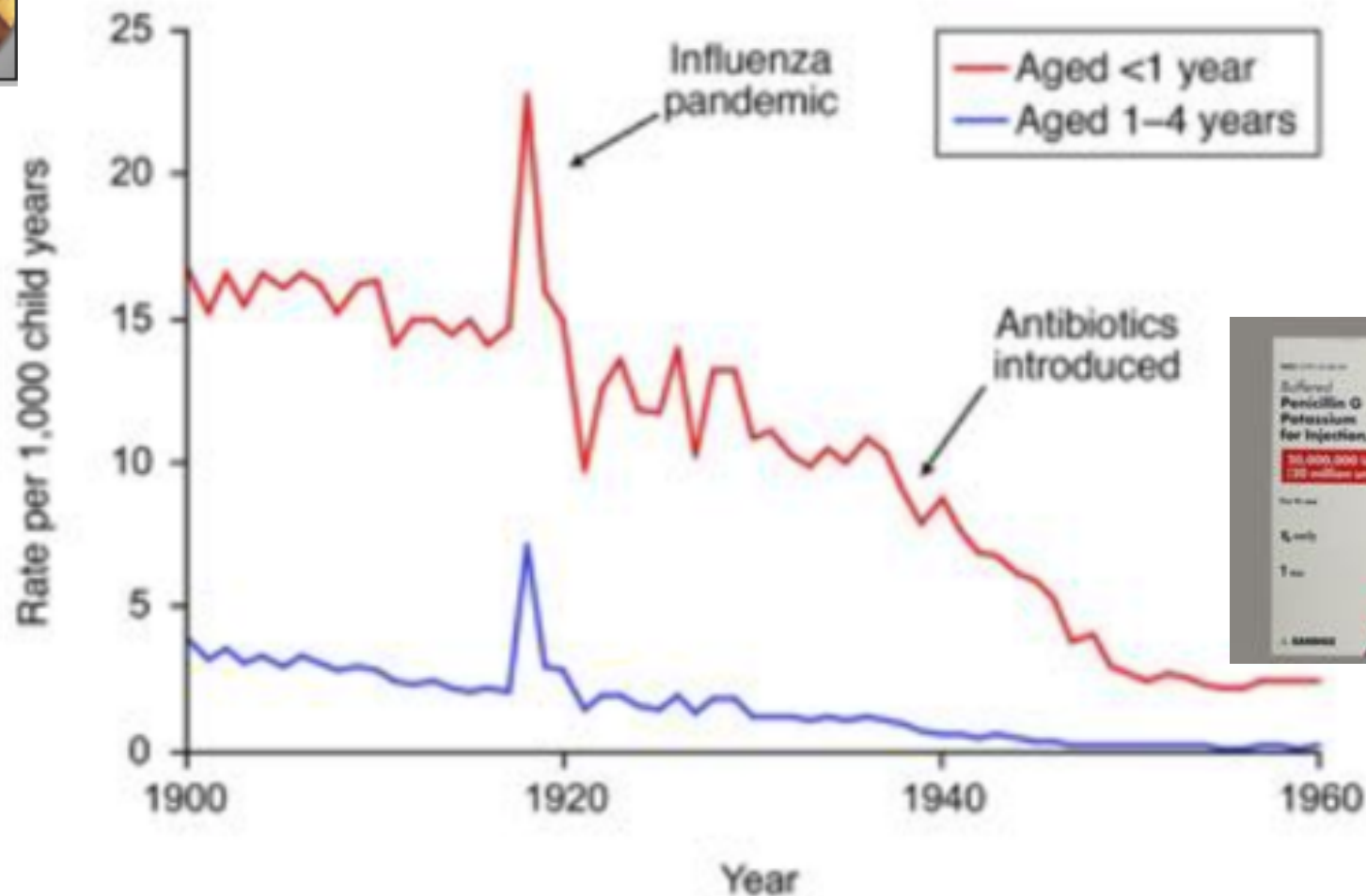
# Antibacterials : ever true medical breakthroughs



THE ADVENT OF ANTIBIOTICS CHANGED OUR MEDICAL STATUS AND LIFE EXPECTANCY IN THE MID OF 20<sup>TH</sup> CENTURY !



1945 NL Flemming, Florey and Chain





**today 3000 types of resistant beta lactamase to antibiotics (ampicilin,  
methicillin, etc...)**

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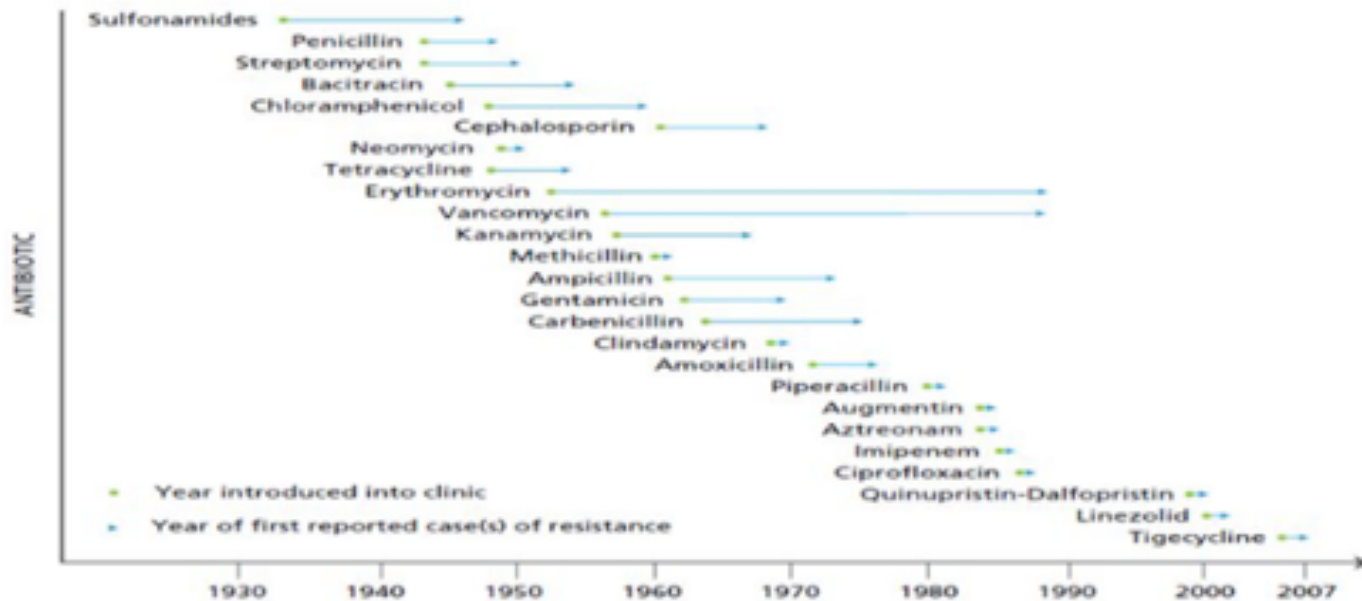


Today's threat and challenges of a postantibacterials era – stay tuned !

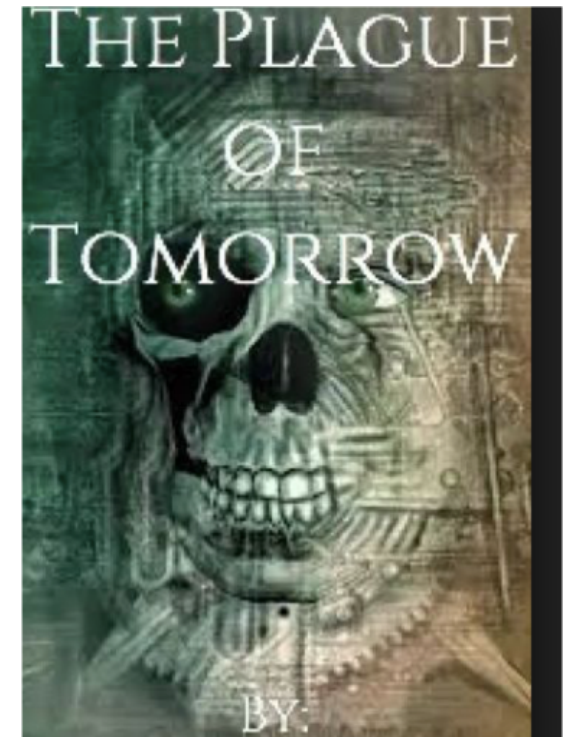


## Emergence of antibiotic resistance

*Antibiotic resistance threatens ability to control infection*

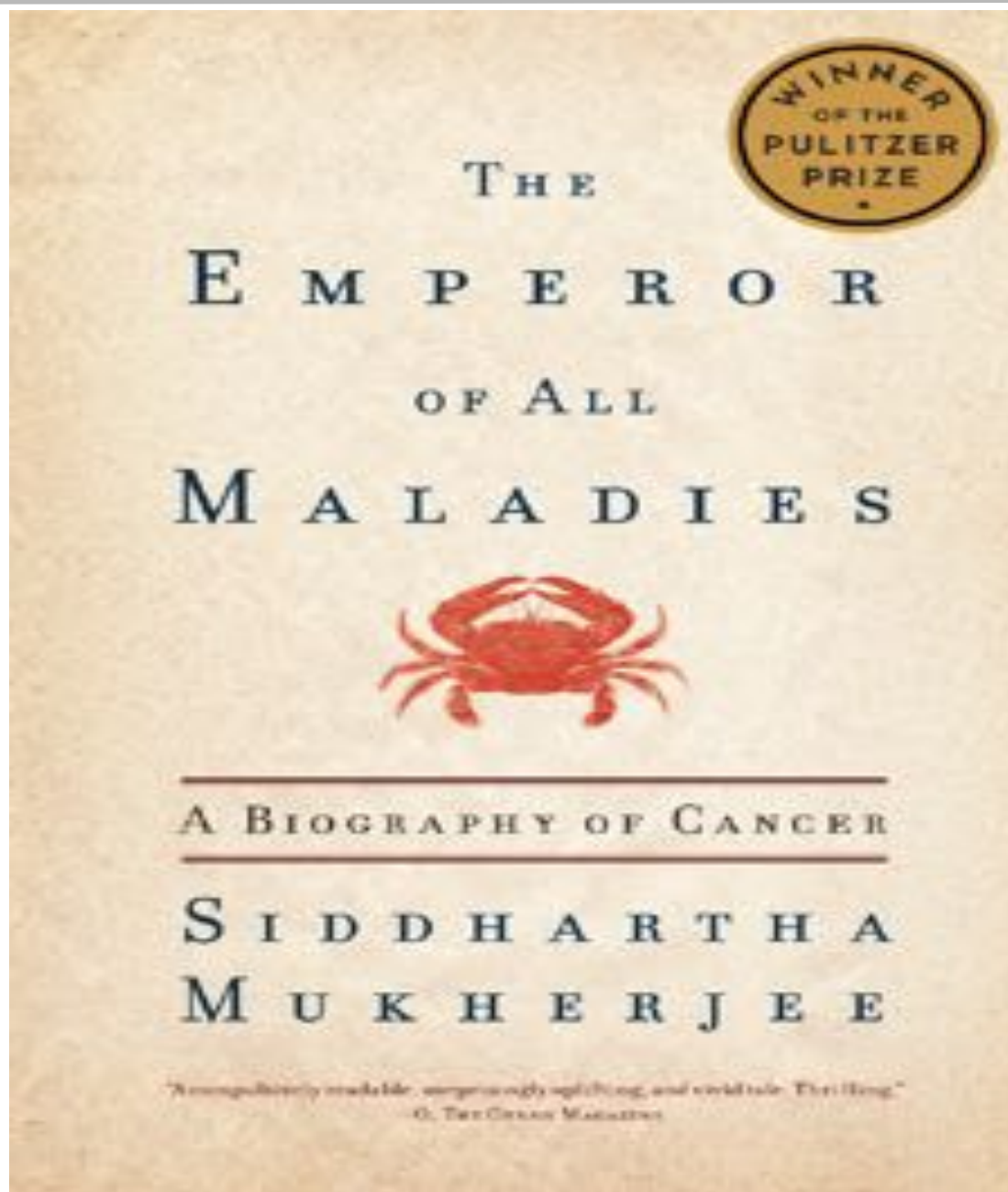


Note: Some of the dates are estimates only.





## An oncologist view of patients facing their ordeal : historical perspective





## Tumor biology therapy : 1938 – what is missing as of today ?





## Tumor biology therapy : 1898 - discovery of Radium



### THE PHYSIOLOGICAL ACTION OF RADIO-ACTIVE SUBSTANCES



Fig. 51.

Professor Curie's arm, showing a scar resulting from a



### MARIE CURIE and the Discovery of Radium





## Radiotherapy : 1930's aftermath – the „radium girls“



blue bowl glowing: Marie Curie  
Sklodowska and Radium





## Radiotherapy : 1917's aftermath – „les petites curies“



blue bowl glowing: Marie Curie Skolkova

Xray radiology ambulances for war surgery





# Neglected tropical diseases – largely unmet medical needs !



1 x 10<sup>6</sup> death case each year

*Plasmodium falciparum* malaria

**MALARIA, LESHMANIASIS, FILARIASIS etc.**

**OLD NEGLECTED MEDICAL NEED**

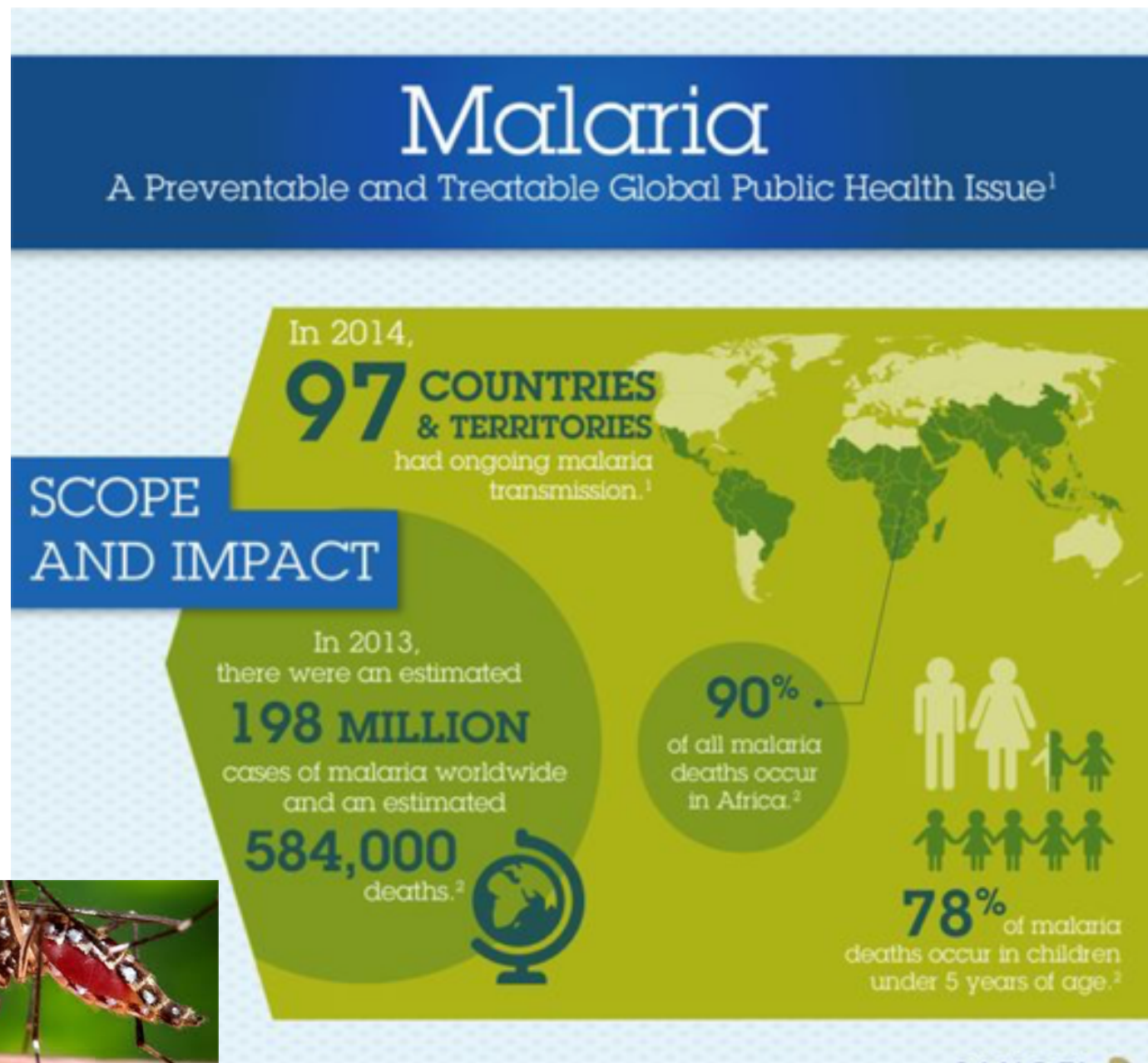
**PUBLIC HEALTH ISSUE !**

**WORKSHOP !**

**SHORTAGE OF EFFICACIOUS MEDICINES  
(eg ARTEMISIN ) !**



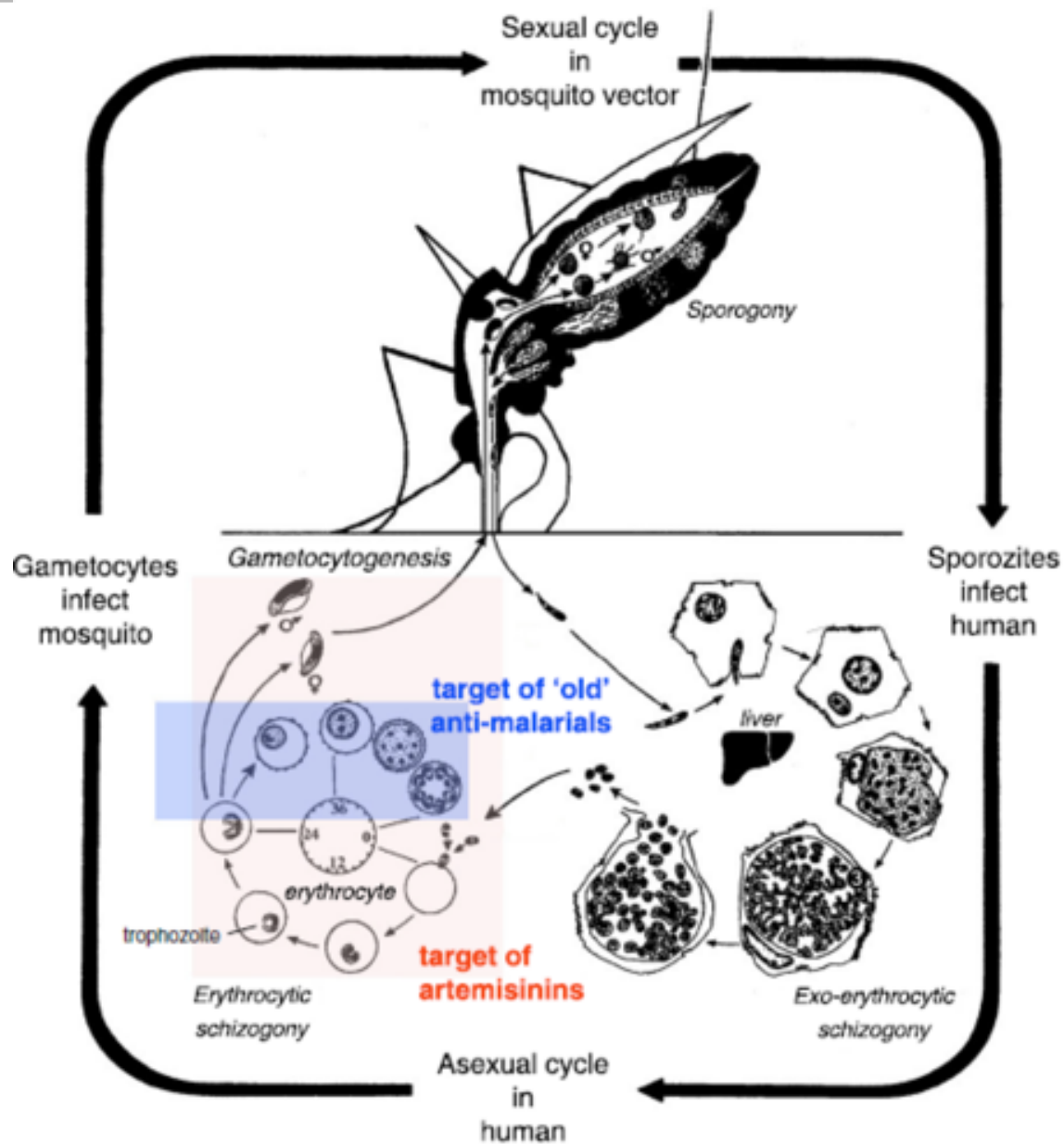
# The Making Of An Innovative Medicine: historical perspective Artemisinin





# The Making Of An Innovative Medicine: historical perspective

## Artemisinin





# The Making Of An Innovative Medicine: historical perspective artemisinin



**Artemisinin: A major breakthrough in malaria chemotherapy**



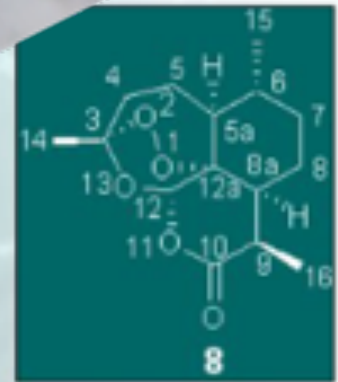

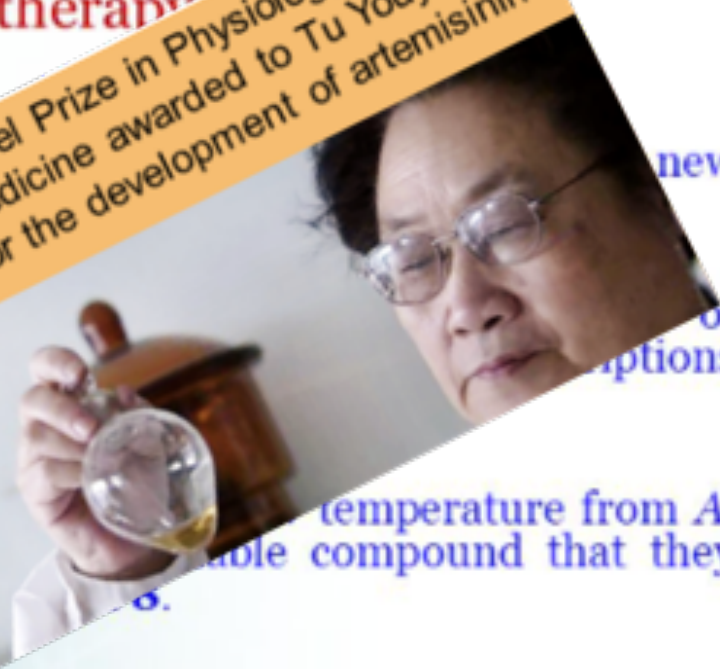
- In 1967, the Chinese government launched a project to discover new antimalarial drugs from indigenous plants.
- The first written record of *Artemisia annua* for Emergency Use was in 1972.
- In 1972, the Chinese government named Qinghao as a source of new antimalarial drugs.

**Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine awarded to Tu Youyou for the development of artemisinin**

**Plants in the News October 9 2015**

**Qinghao**

temperature from *A. annua* to extract a new compound that they named artemisinin.





# The Making Of An Innovative Medicine: historical perspective

## A visit to the TPH in Basel website !



<https://www.swisstph.ch/de/reisemedizin/>

Swiss TPH   
Swiss Tropical and Public Health Institute  
Schweizerisches Tropen- und Public Health-Institut





## Tropical diseases unmet medical need : health hackathon 2021 winners!





## **Fabulous discovery – first ever biological therapeutic**



**1920 : life expectancy of diabetes children is about 10-15 years !**

**Frederick Banting became as a GP interested in diabetes mellitus: he became aware of the scientific reports on stenosis of pancreas leaving the Langerhans islets intact and killing the trypsin producing cells. He left aside all his clinical duties to prove his hypothesis and received help from C Best to isolate upon 10 days ligature beagle dog pancreas islets: kids receiving those extracts however experienced no real benefit from this extract injection (5g/L to 4g/L and severe side effects ! Great disappointment ; F. Banting went on and reasoned that the extracts contained impurities such as bacteria. He decided to further purify.**





## **Session 2: Historical breakthrough medicines**



**Frederick Banting then turned to a medical doctor biochemist James Collip who worked on an almost pure pyrogene free pancreatic insulin injectable. The efficacy was closed to the miracle! glycemia dropped from 5g/L to 1g/L !! The kids came out of coma and were starting a new life !**

**Frederick Banting eventually received a well deserved Nobel Prize in 1923.**

**Sofar millions of diabetic patient's life has been safed thanks to Frederick Banting resilience and perseverance and benefited from this breakthrough ! F Banting coined the name «insulin» from «insula» in latin (for islet/island of Langerhans) and became one of the most successful drug hunter ever in biomedical history.**

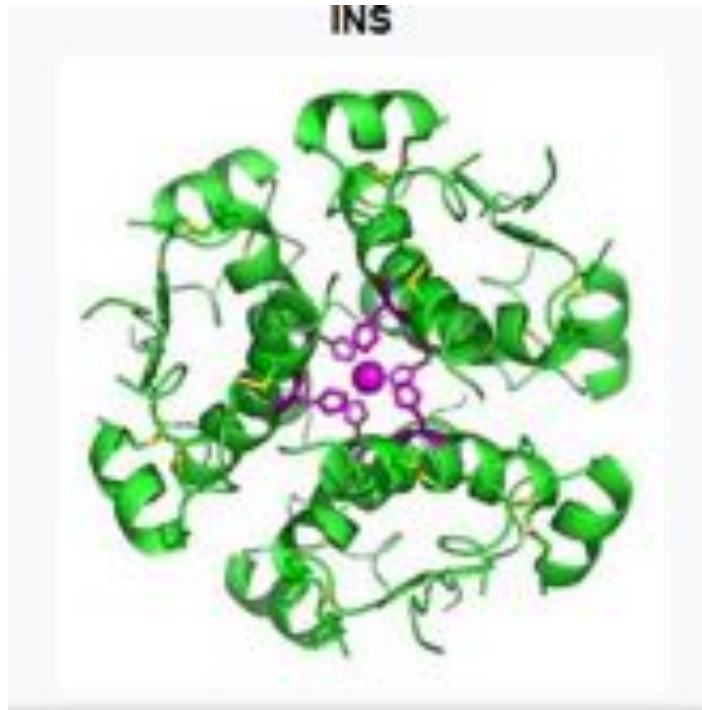
**Very few life threatening diseases have been cured sofar to such a extend of efficacy in modern medicine.**

**1920 : life expectancy of diabetes children is about 10-15 years !**

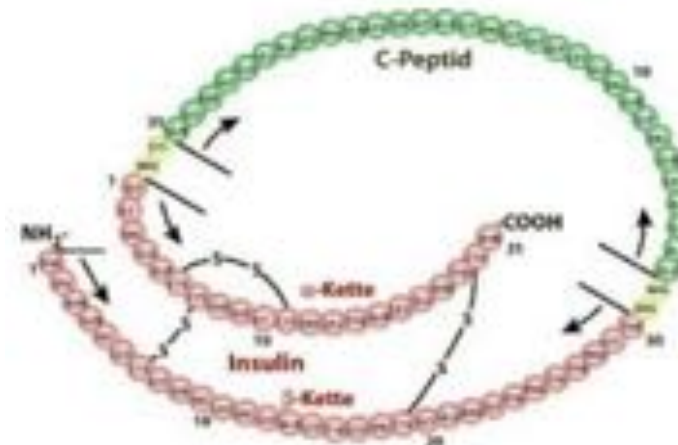
**Today diabetic patients live almost like healthy subjects !**



## Historical breakthrough medicines



Frederick Banting became as a GP interested «by accident» to help many kids in life threatening conditions purified extracts from dog ligatured pancreas : kids experienced no real benefit up until the dog pancreas extracts got purified. Later insulin has been extracted from porcine pancreas and provided by Eli Lilly USA



**1960s : shortage of porcine insulin: bacterial recombinant insulin came to the rescue (first «biological» ever) Axel Ullrich et al. 1970s !**

**FROM AN HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE THESE MEDICINE WERE TRUE INNOVATIONS ! TODAY'S REGULATORY AUTHORITIES WOULD PROBABLY NOT LET THEM PASS THROUGH THE REGISTRATION**



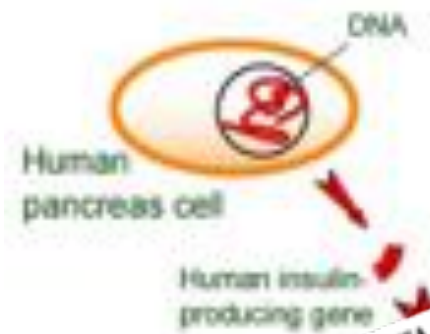
## Rat insulin genes: construction of plasmids containing the coding sequences.

Ullrich A, Shine J, Chirgwin J, Pictet R, Tischer E, Rutter WJ, Goodman HM.



### Abstract

Recombinant bacterial plasmids have been constructed that contain complementary DNA prepared from rat islets of Langerhans



Introduction of recombinant

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA  
Vol. 76, No. 1, pp. 106-110, January 1979  
Biochemistry

### Expression in *Escherichia coli* of chemically synthesized genes

(plasmid construction/*lac* operon/fused proteins/radioimmunoassay/peptide purification)

DAVID V. GOEDEL<sup>1</sup>\*, DENNIS G. KLEID<sup>2</sup>, FRANCISCO BOLIVAR<sup>3</sup>, HERBERT L. HEYNEKER<sup>4</sup>,  
DANIEL G. YANSURA<sup>5</sup>, ROBERTO CREA<sup>6</sup>†, TADAOKI HIROSE<sup>7</sup>, ADAM KRASZEWSKI<sup>8</sup>,  
KEIICHI ITAKURA<sup>9</sup>, AND ARTHUR D. RIGGS<sup>10</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Division of Molecular Biology, Genentech, Inc., 460 Point San Bruno Boulevard, South San Francisco, California 94080; and <sup>2</sup>Division of Biology, City of Hope  
National Medical Center, Duarte, California 91010  
Communicated by Ernest Beutler, October 3, 1978

Enzymes and DNA Preparations. T4 DNA ligase and T4 polynucleotide kinase were purified as described (6). Restriction endonuclease *EcoRI* was purified by the procedure of Greene et al. (7). *HindIII* was purified by a method developed by D. Goeddel (unpublished). Restriction endonuclease *BamHI* was purchased from Bethesda Research (Rockville, MD). *E. coli* strain DH1 was purchased from Worthington. The chemical synthesis of insulin was described previously (8). The chemical synthesis

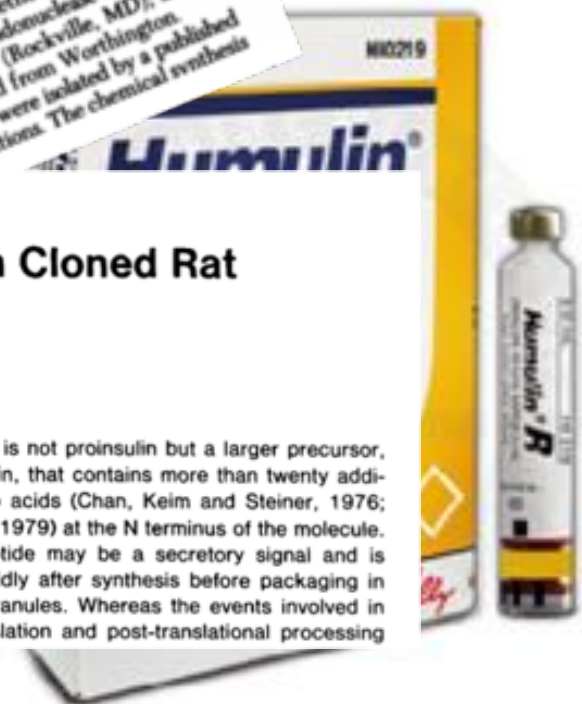
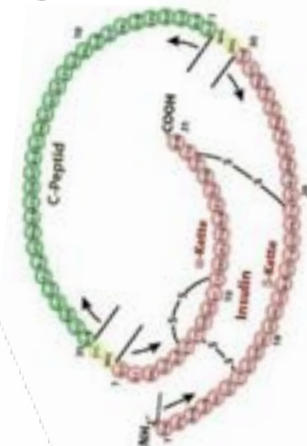
insulin A and B chains. The cloned *E. coli*  $\beta$ -galactosidase gene was used as a control.

Cell, Vol. 18, 533-543, October 1979, Copyright © 1979 by MIT

### Isolation and Characterization of a Cloned Rat Insulin Gene

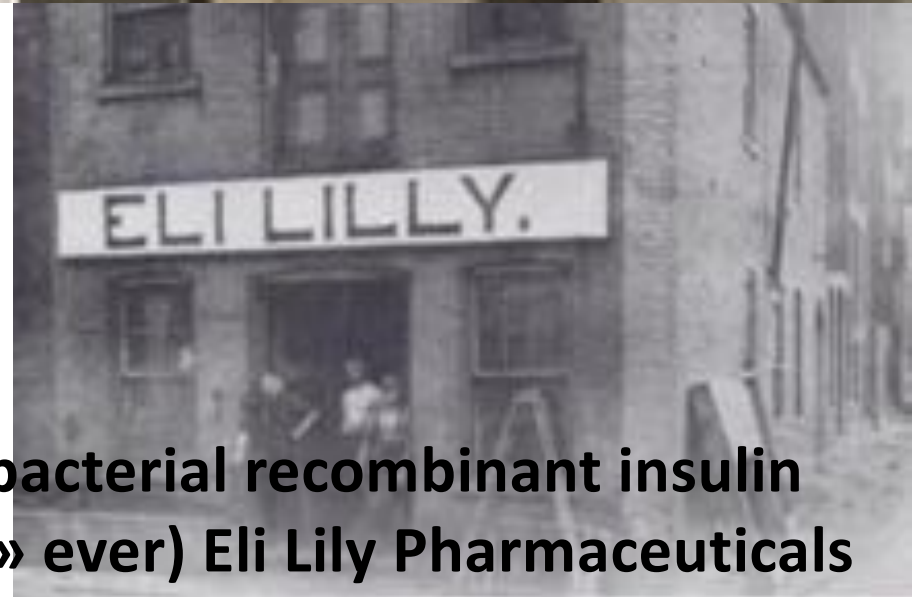
Barbara Cordell, Graeme Bell, Edmund Tischer, Frances M. DeNoto, Axel Ullrich,\* Raymond Pictet, William J. Rutter and Howard M. Goodman  
Howard Hughes Medical Institute Laboratory  
Department of Biochemistry and Biophysics  
University of California, San Francisco  
San Francisco, California 94143

Insulin mRNA is not proinsulin but a larger precursor, pre-proinsulin, that contains more than twenty additional amino acids (Chan, Keim and Steiner, 1976; Chan et al., 1979) at the N terminus of the molecule. This prepeptide may be a secretory signal and is cleaved rapidly after synthesis before packaging in secretory granules. Whereas the events involved in insulin translation and post-translational processing





## Historical breakthrough medicine : Eli Lilly insulin



**1960s : shortage of porcine insulin: bacterial recombinant insulin came to the rescue (first «biological» ever) Eli Lilly Pharmaceuticals**



# Historical breakthrough medicines

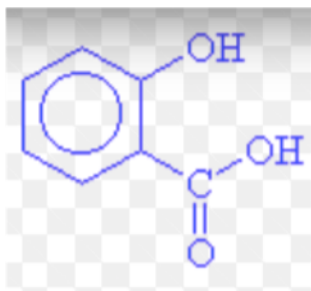
## The advent of placebo controlled clinical trials



*The advent of modern medicinal chemistry in drug development*

### Salicylic acid

Pain, antiinflammatory, cardio portective



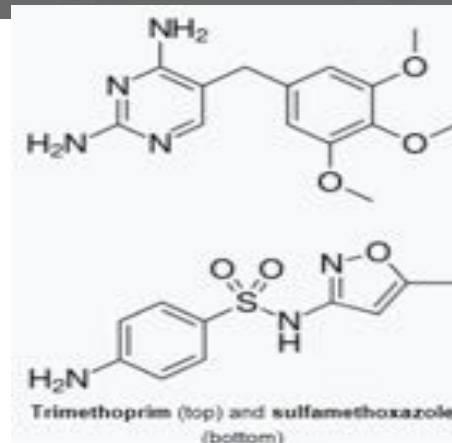
### Isotretinoin

Severe acne, ichthyosis, birth defects



### Bactrim

Antimicrobial sulfamethoxazol and trymethoprim



FROM AN HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE THESE MEDICINE WERE TRUE INNOVATIONS ! TODAY'S REGULATORY AUTHORITIES WOULD PROBABLY NOT LET THEM PASS THROUGH THE REGISTRATION





## Historical breakthrough medicines and the german medicinal chemistry



*The advent of modern medicinal chemistry in drug development*



The kolbe schmitt reaction has been invented in the 1930's for the preparation of aromatic hydroxy acids. Usually the substitution occurs ortho to the phenolic hydroxy group

**FROM AN HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE THESE MEDICINE WERE TRUE INNOVATIONS ! TODAY'S REGULATORY AUTHORITIES WOULD PROBABLY NOT LET THEM PASS THROUGH THE REGISTRATION**



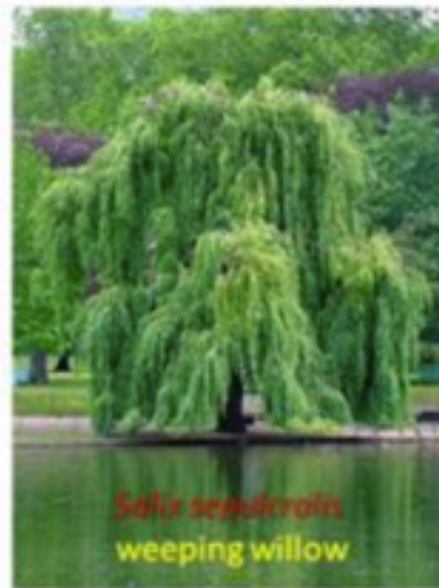


# Aspirin : from tree bark to modern medicine



## Aspirin - from tree bark to modern medicine

### Aspirin



*Salix sepulcralis*  
weeping willow

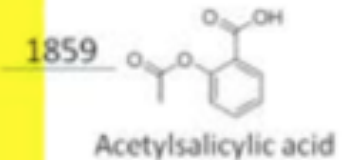
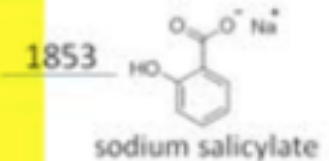
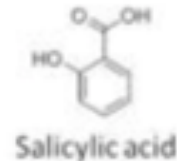
百年名藥-阿斯匹靈

Analgesic-止痛  
relieve minor aches and pains  
Antipyretic-解熱  
reduce fever  
Anti-inflammatory-消炎

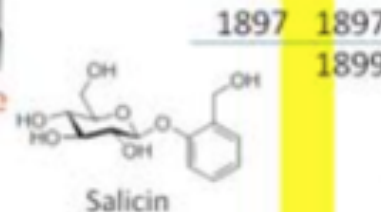


Hippocrates

460 B.C and 377 B.C



Hermann Kolbe



Felix Hoffmann  
in Bayer AG

1974

prevention of strokes  
and heart attacks







## Historical breakthrough medicines



*The advent of modern medicinal chemistry in drug development*

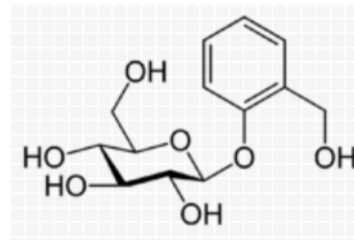
The salicin in willow bark converts to salicylic acid



Known in chinese medicine  
Extracts from white willow bark in  
1821  
Isolation of salicylic acid from  
**SALICILIN** in white willow bark in  
1838

### Salicylic acid

Pain, antiinflammatory, cardio portective



*Salix alba 'Vitellina-Tristis'*

**FROM AN HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE THESE MEDICINE WERE TRUE INNOVATIONS ! TODAY'S REGULATORY AUTHORITIES WOULD PROBABLY NOT LET THEM PASS THROUGH THE REGISTRATION**



## More historical breakthrough of modern medicinal chemistry

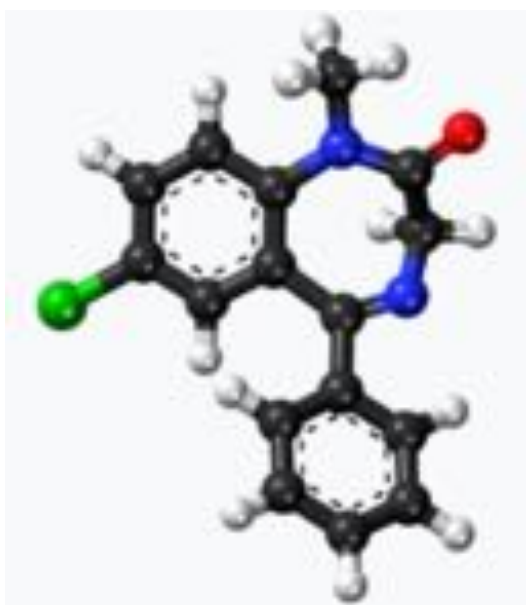


### *The advent of modern medicinal chemistry in drug development*

#### BENZODIAZEPINES

**1960 Valium®** (diazepam)  
Tranquilizer  
(GABA receptor agonist)

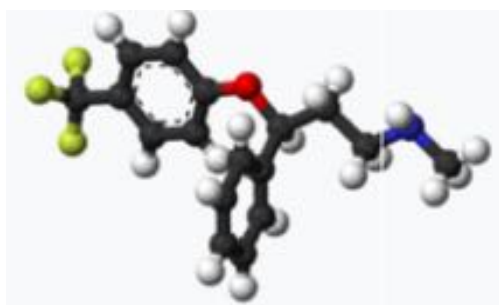
Leo Sternbach  
Roche Ltd



#### SSRI selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors

**1972 Prozac®** (fluoxetine)  
Antidepressant  
(serotonin receptor)

Eli Lilly Inc

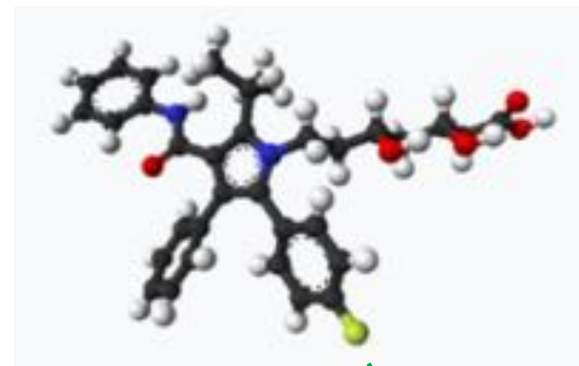


WORKSHOP !

#### STATINS

**1985 Lipitor®** (atorvastatin)  
Lipid lowering, CVD  
(HMGCoA reductase inhibitor)

Akira Endo (Lasker Award)  
@ Sankyo/Warner-Lambert  
Pfizer



WORKSHOP !



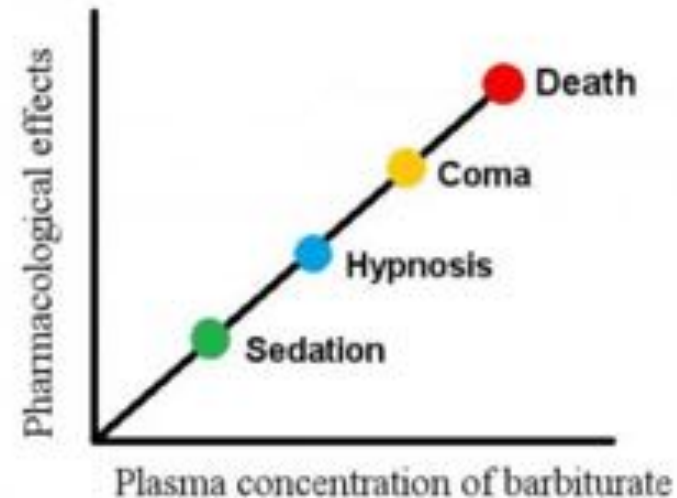
# Historical medical breakthroughs and pitfalls in psychiatry



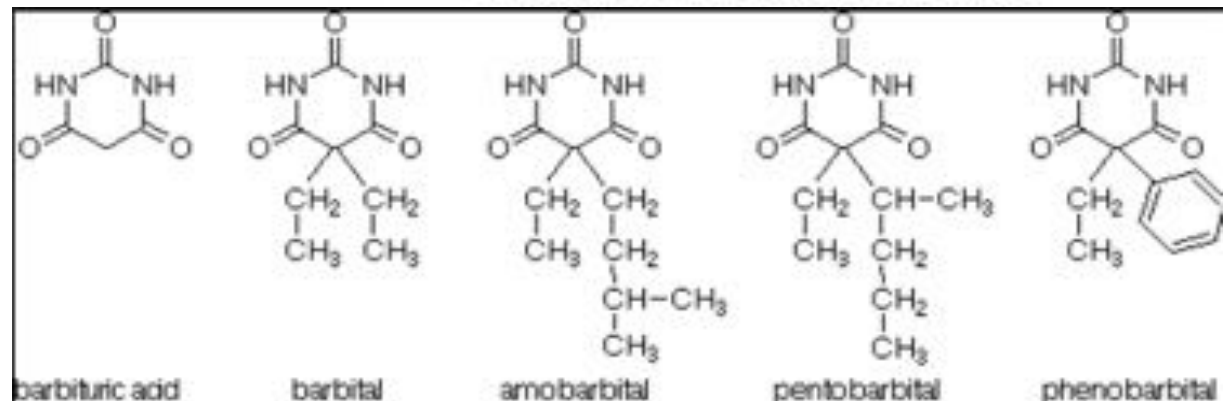
*Before the Benzodiazepine Story: a number of celebrities died from **barbiturates***



Relationship between Plasma Concentration of Barbiturates and its Pharmacological Effects

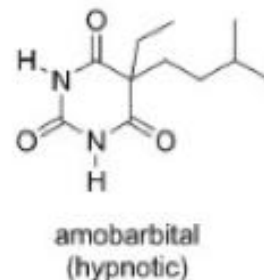


Chemist A. von Baeyer : 1864 tested a derivative of urea and malonic acid on himself ! the first hypnotic sleep drug with fatal adverse effects (NL 1905)





# Historical psychiatric care -electroshocks



*Psychiatry 1940's: **electroconvulsive therapies, electroshocks, lobotomy**  
see eg. Angelina Jolie starring "Changeling"*

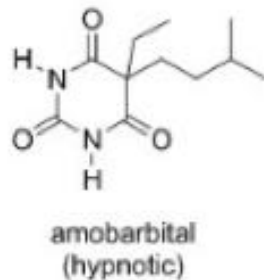
Note: barbiturates act by hyperpolarization and opening of GABA receptor associated ion Cl channels leading to inhibition of neural activity, MOA unknown up until 1980's



# Historical psychiatric care-lobotomy



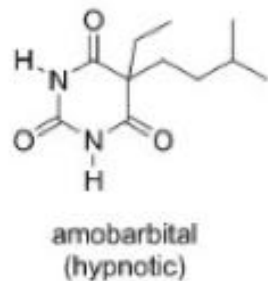
***therapies, electroshocks, lobotomy***  
*see eg. Angelina Jolie starring "Changeling"*



Note: barbiturates act by hyperpolarization and opening of GABA<sub>A</sub> receptor associated ion Cl<sup>-</sup> channels leading to inhibition of neural activity, MOA unknown up until 1980's



# Historical psychiatric care— electroconvulsive therapies



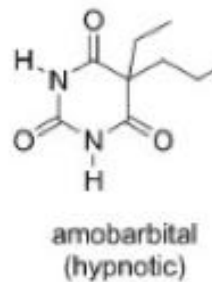
*Psychiatry 1940's: electroconvulsive therapies, electroshocks, lobotomy  
see eg. Jack Nicholson starring One flew over the cuckoo's nest "*



# Historical psychiatric clinic – reloaded by Jack Nicholson



"One Flew Over the Cuckoo's Nest" 1975



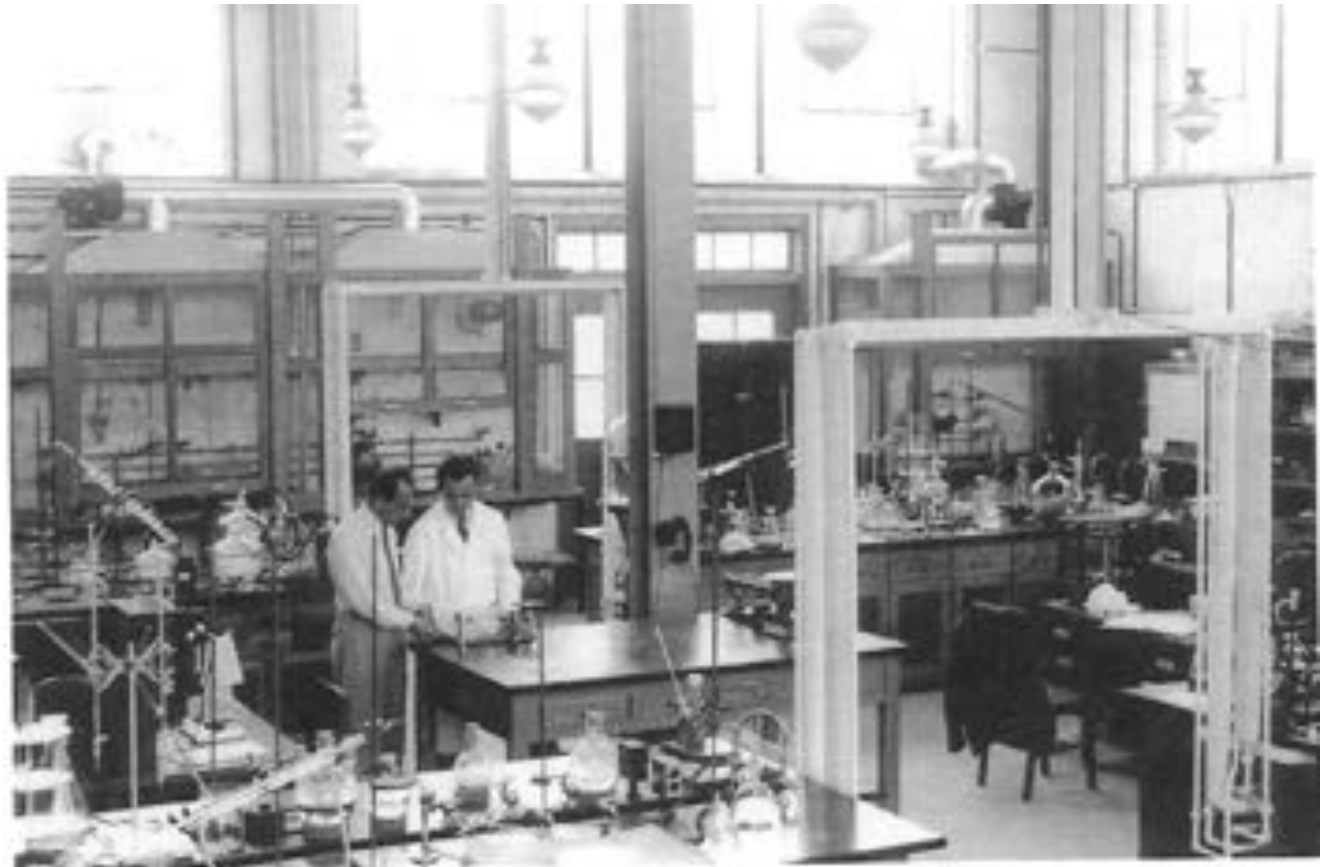


# The advent of modern medicinal chemistry



## *The Benzodiazepine Story: towards Leo Sternbach life time achievement*

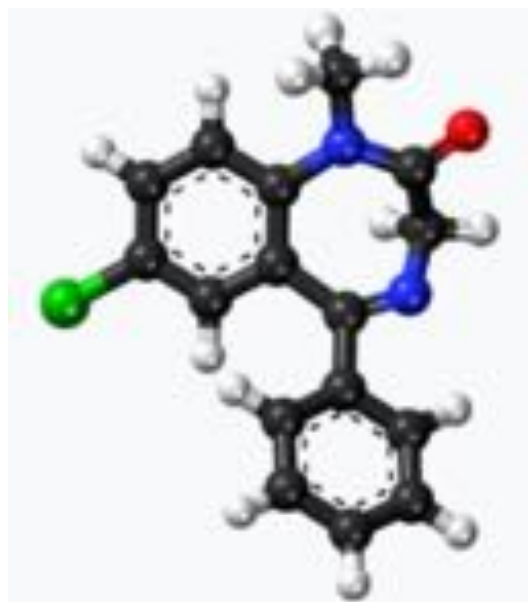
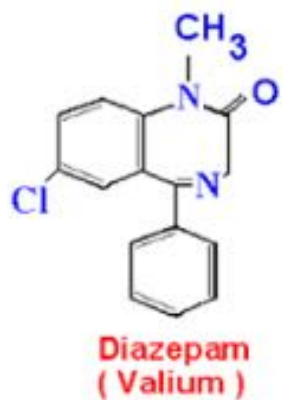
- 1940's
- WW II time
- ROCHE Inc hires Nazi refugee polnish chemist L. Sternbach
- primitive tranquilizers  
anxiolytics: barbiturates with severe adverse effects and little therapeutic value
- **NO CELLULAR SIGNAL PATHWAY DECIPHERED !**
- **NO GENOME PROJECT**
- **TRIAL AN ERRORS NO HTS !**
- Secondary screens *in vivo*:  
how to monitor a depressed anhedonic rodent in animal pharmacology ?



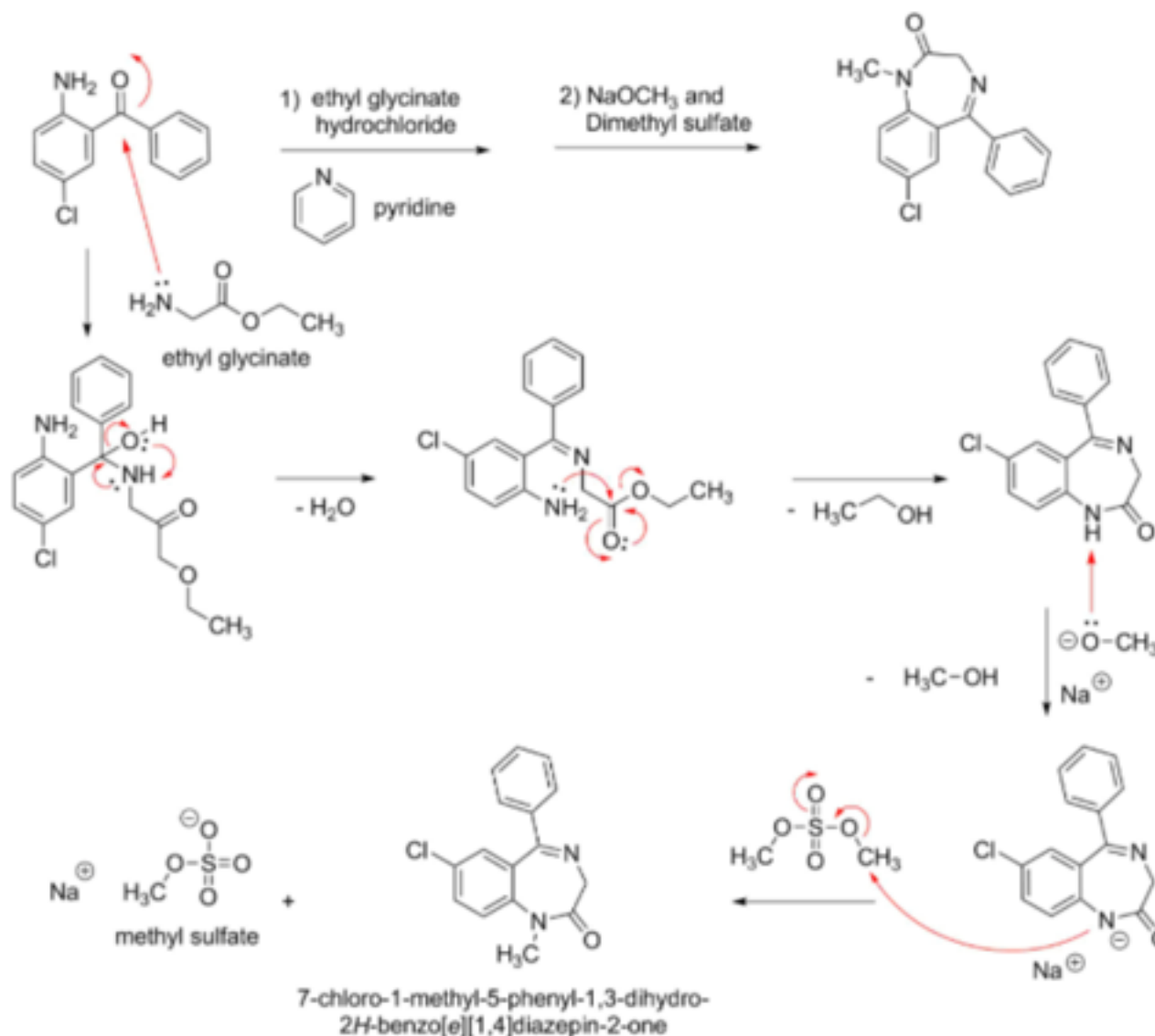
*Leo Henryk Sternbach and Dr. Max Hoffer in the chemistry laboratory, building 25, Roche Nutley, 1941*



## The Benzodiazepine Story of Valium: Leo Sternbach life time achievement



### Synthesis of Diazepam with (2-amino-5-chlorophenyl)(phenyl)methanone





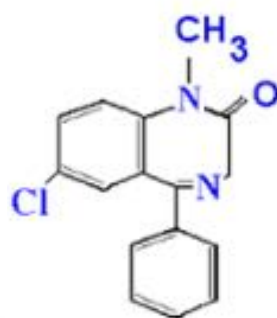
# Historical medical breakthrough – the benzodiazepines



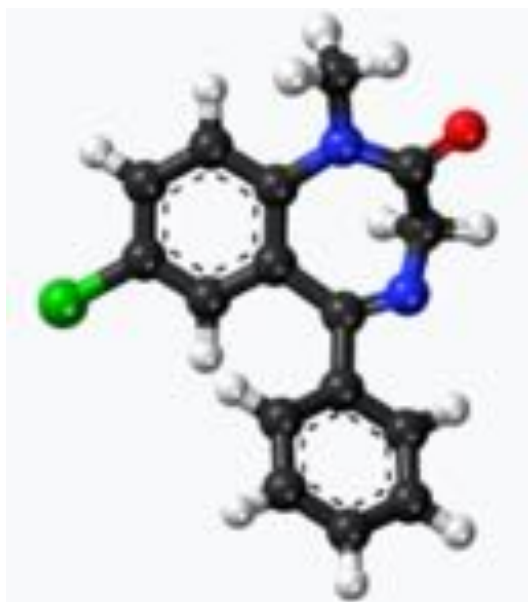
*The Benzodiazepine Story of Valium®: Leo Sternbach life time achievement*

**1960's discovery of Valium®**

(Diazepam) safe  
tranquilizer, anxiolytic



Diazepam  
(Valium)



*Leo Henryk Sternbach accepting award for Valium from Mr. Lindner on behalf of Roche, 1970*

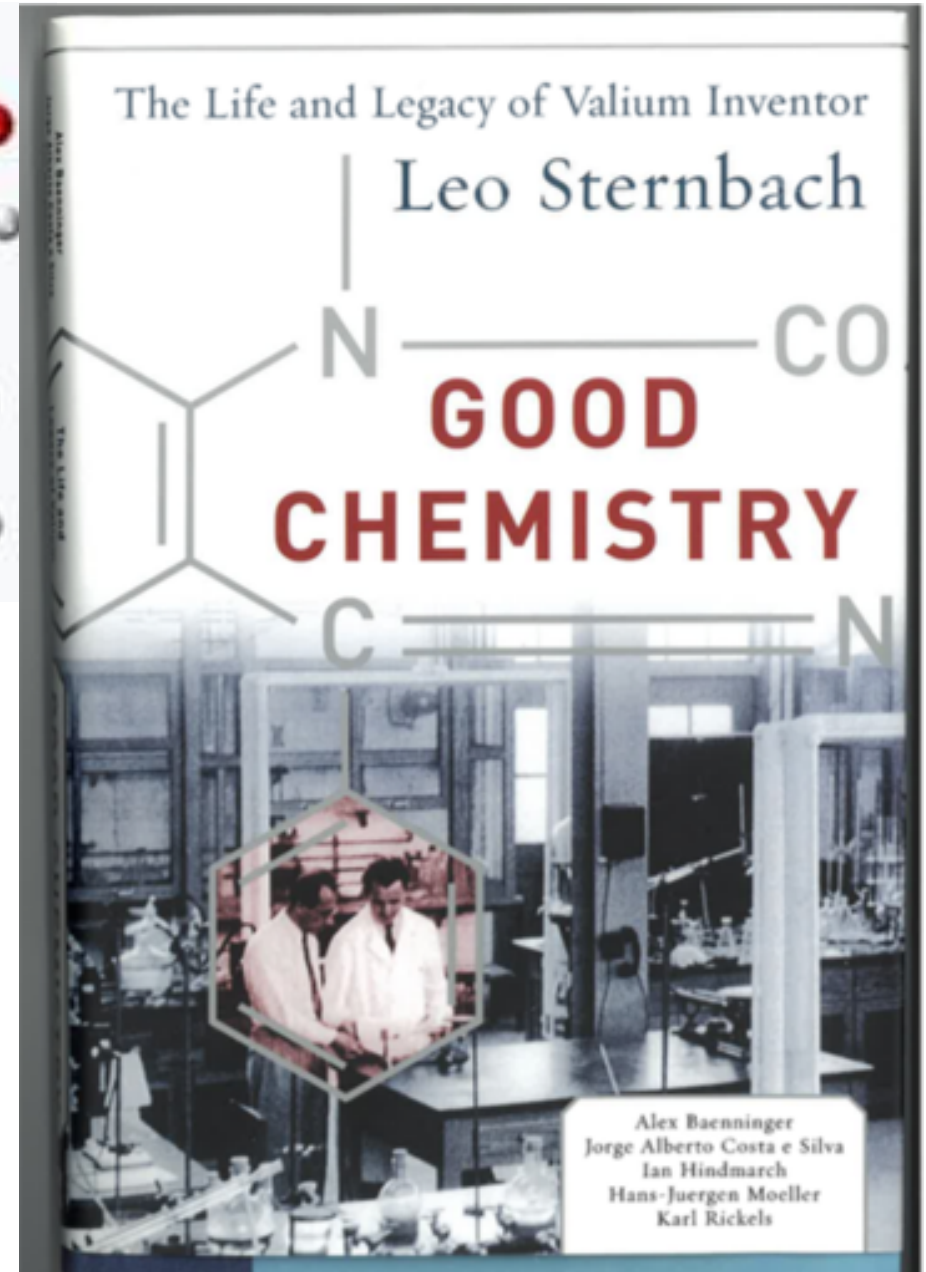
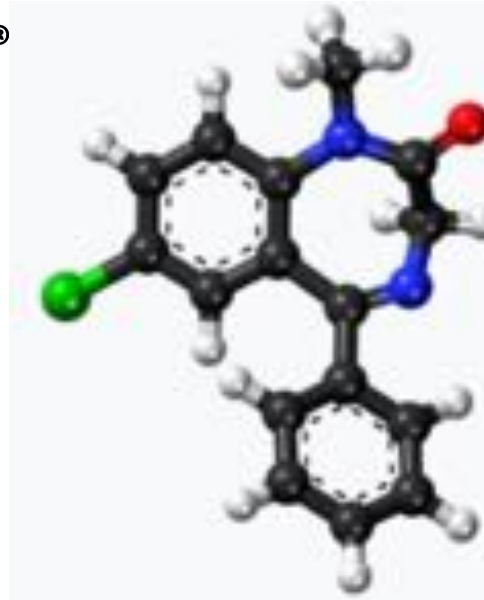


# Historical medical breakthrough – the legacy of Leo Sternbach



**1960's discovery of Valium®**  
(Diazepam) safe  
tranquilizer, anxiolytic.

Today's "benzo" addiction  
syndrome still a major  
threat in psychiatric care





# 20 years later – Diazepam (Valium®) The advent of the underlying molecular therapeutic target



**20 YEARS AFTER THE  
DIAZEPAM DISCOVERY :**

**THERAPEUTIC TARGET  
IDENTIFIED !! A VERY  
SPECIFIC  
NEUROTRANSMITTER GABA  
RECEPTOR AGONIST**

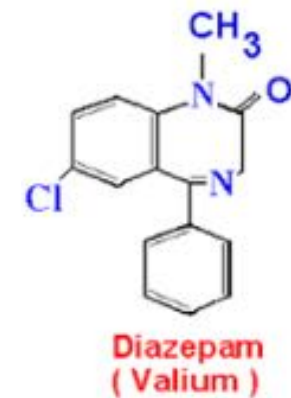
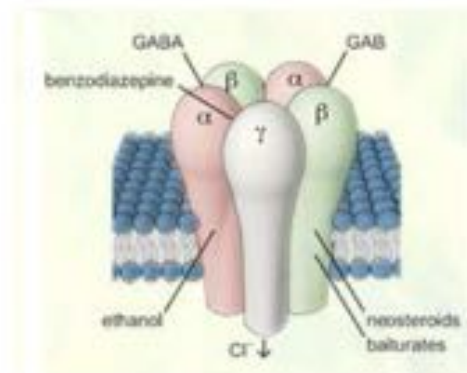
**MARGINAL SIDE EFFECTS  
(ADDICTION), STILL IN  
CLINICAL USE TODAY AS  
VALIUM eg POST OP  
RELAXANT**

Seeburg PH Barnard EA  
Lab at Genentech. Nature  
(1987) 328:221-227

*The Benzodiazepine Story – Valium®: 20 years later !*

## GABA<sub>A</sub> receptor (GABA<sub>A</sub> R)

- pentameric **ligand-gated Cl<sup>-</sup> channel** (endogenous: GABA)
- Clinically relevant **allosteric binding** sites for: BZD, Z drugs, barbiturates, **ethanol**
- Neuronal hyperpolarisation
- anxiety, fear, consciousness, seizures







THANK YOU.....

DO YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS ?



IT IS NOT BECAUSE THINGS ARE DIFFICULT  
THAT WE DO NOT DARE, IT IS BECAUSE WE  
DO NOT DARE THAT THEY ARE DIFFICULT

LUCIUS ANNAEUS SENECA